The Columbian.

COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH, and COLUMBIAN, Consolidated.]

Issued Weekly, every Friday Morning, at BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA CO., Pa.

AT TWO DOLLARS per year. To subscribers out of the county the terms are strictly in advance.

☞ No paper discontinued except at the option of the publishers, until all arrearages are paid, but long continued credits will not be given.

All papers sent out of the State or to distant post offices must be paid for in advance, unless a responsible person in Columbia county assumes to pay the subscription due on demand.

POSTAGE is no longer exacted from subscribers in the county.

JOB PRINTING.

The Jobbing Department of the COLUMBIAN is very complete, and our Job Printing will compare favorably with that of the large cities. All work done on short notice, neatly and at moderate prices.

The Columbian.

G. E. ELWELL, J. K. BITTENBENDER, } Proprietors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, MAY 18, 1883.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. XVII, NO 20
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL. XLVII, NO 11

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

	1M	2M	3M	6	1Y
One inch.....	$2 00	$ 3 50	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$ 10 00
Two inches.....	3 00	4 00	6 00	9 00	13 00
Three inches.....	4 00	5 00	7 00	11 00	18 00
Four inches.....	5 00	7 00	9 00	13 00	20 00
Quarter column..	6 00	8 00	10 00	15 00	25 00
Half column.....	10 00	14 00	17 00	25 00	50 00
One column.....	20 00	25 00	30 00	50 00	100 00

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Executor's, Administrator's, and Auditor's notices three dollars. Must be paid for when inserted.

Transient or Local notices, ten cents a line, regular advertisements half rates.

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office in 1st National Bank building, second floor, first door to the right. Corner of Main and Market streets, Bloomsburg, Pa.

N. U. FUNK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Ext's Building.

C. R. BUCKALEW,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office over 1st National Bank.

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
AND
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office over Schuyler's Hardware Store.

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Office in Brower's building, second floor, room No. 1
Bloomsburg, Pa.

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Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office corner of Centre and Main Streets. Clark's Building.
Can be consulted in German.

GEO. E. ELWELL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
NEW COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Member of the United States Law Association. Collections made in any part of America or Europe.

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BLOOMSBURG, PA.

S. KNORR. L. S. WINTERSTEEN, Notary Public
KNORR & WINTERSTEEN,
Attorneys-at-Law.
Office in 1st National Bank building, second floor, first door to the left. Corner of Main and Market streets Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞ *Pensions and Bounties Collected.*

J. H. MAIZE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office in Maize's building, over Billmeyer's grocery.
May 20, '81.

C. B. BROCKWAY,
Attorney-at-Law,
ALSO
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Office in his building opposite Court House, 2nd floor, Bloomsburg, Pa. apr 13 '83

JOHN C. YOCUM,
Attorney-at-Law,
CATAWISSA, PA.
Office in NEWS ITEM building, Main street.
Member of the American Attorneys' Association.
Collections made in any part of America.
Jan. 5, 1882.

A. K. OSWALD,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Jackson Building, Rooms 4 and 5.
May 6, '81. BERWICK, PA

RHAWN & ROBINS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.
Catawissa, Pa.
Office, corner of Third and Main streets.

WM. H. SNYDER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Orangeville, Pa.
Office in Low's Building, second floor, second door to the left.
Can be consulted in German. aug 18 '82

W. E. SMITH,
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Can be Consulted in German.
ALSO FIRST-CLASS
FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE
COMPANIES REPRESENTED.
☞ Office first door below the post office.

MISCELLANEOUS.

C. G. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law office in Brower's building, 2nd story, Rooms 4 & 5

R. BUCKINGHAM, Attorney-at-Law Office, Brockway's Building 1st floor, Bloomsburg, Penn'a. may 7, '80-t f

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main street, below Market

A. L. FRITZ, Attorney-at-Law. Office in COLUMBIAN Building. June 24 '81.

C. M. DRINKER, GUN & LOCKSMITH
Sewing Machines and Machinery of all kinds repaired. OPERA HOUSE Building, Bloomsburg, Pa.

DR. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Office, North Market street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician. Office corner of Rock and Market street.

J. R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, Office and Residence on Third street.

JAMES REILLY,
Tonsorial Artist,
Is again at his old stand under EXCHANGE HOTEL, and has as usual a FIRST-CLASS BARBER SHOP. He respectfully solicits the patronage of his old customers and of the public generally. July 16, '80-tf

EXCHANGE HOTEL.
W. R. TUBBS, PROPRIETOR
LOOMSBURG, PA.
OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE.
Large and convenient sample rooms. Bath rooms hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences

ADVERTISERS by addressing GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 10 Spruce St., New York, can learn the exact cost of any proposed line of ADVERTISING in American Newspapers. ☞ 100-page pamphlet, 6 cents. Apr. 13-4w.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION. 25 cts. 50 cts. 1.00

Jan 28, 25[p.o.]

L. A. SHATTUCK, M. D.
Medical Superintendent of the Sanitarium.
Invalid's Home.
Bloomsburg, Pa.,
Devotes special attention to Epilepsy, Nervous Affections, and Diseases of Women.
Patients received at the Sanitarium on reasonable terms for board and treatment.
P. S.—No charge for first consultation.
apr 27, '83

BLOOMSBURG PLANING MILL
The undersigned having put his Planing Mill on Railroad Street, in first-class condition, is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line.
FRAMES, SASH, DOORS,
BLINDS, MOULDINGS,
FLOORING, Etc.
furnished at reasonable prices. All lumber used is well seasoned and none but skilled workmen are employed.
ESTIMATES FOR BUILDINGS
furnished on application. Plans and specifications prepared by an experienced draughtsman.
CHARLES KRUG,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

PLUMBING,
GAS FITTING,
STOVES AND TINWARE.
E. B. BROWER
Has purchased the Stock and Business of I. Hagenbuch, and is now prepared to do all kinds of work in his line. Plumbing and Gas Fitting a specialty. Tinware, Stoves,
RANGES AND HEATERS,
in a great variety. All work done by
EXPERIENCED HANDS.
Main Street corner of East.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

PAINTING
AND
PAPER HANGING.
WM. F. BODINE.
IRON ST., BELOW SECOND, BLOOMSBURG, Pa. is prepared to do all kinds of
HOUSE PAINTING
Plain and Ornamental
PAPER HANGING,
BOTH DECORATIVE AND PLAIN.
All kinds of Furniture Repaired and made as good as new.
NONE BUT FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN EMPLOYED.
Estimates Made on all Work.
WM. F. BODINE.

M. C. SLOAN & BRO.,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Manufacturers of
CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, PHAETONS,
SLEIGHS, PLATFORM WAGONS, &C.
First-class work always on hand.
REPAIRING NEATLY DONE.
Prices reduced to suit the times.

W. H. HOUSE,
—DENTIST,—
BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.
All styles of work done in a superior manner, work warranted as represented. TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.
Office over Bloomsburg Banking Company.
To be open at all hours during the day.
Nov. 28-1y

B. F. SHARPLESS,
FOUNDER AND MACHINIST,
NEAR L. & B. DEPOT, BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Manufacturer of Plows, Stoves and all kinds of Castings. Large Stock of Thaware, Cook Stoves, Room Stoves, Stoves for heating stores, school houses, churches, &c. Also, large stock of repairs for city stoves of all kinds, wholesale and retail, such as Fire Brick, Grates, Linings, Centres, &c., Stove Pipe, Cook Boilers, Spiders, Cake Plates, Large Iron Kettles, Sled Soles, Wagon Boxes, all kinds of Plow Points, Mould Boards, Bolts, Plaster, Salt, —*BONE MANURE, &c.*—
feb 2 t-f

FREAS BROWN'S INSURANCE AGENCY. Moyer's new building, Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

	Assets.
Ætna Insurance Co., of Hartford, Conn.	$7,078,224
Royal of Liverpool.....	13,500,000
Lancashire.....	10,000,000
Fire Association, Philadelphia.....	4,165,717
Phœnix, of London.....	5,266,372
London & Lancashire, of England..	1,709,976
Hartford of Hartford.....	3,373,000
Springfield Fire and Marine.....	2,092,885

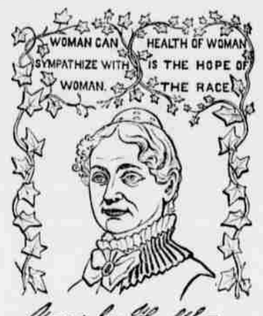
As the agencies are direct, policies are written for the insured without any delay in the office at Bloomsburg. Oct. 28, '81-tf.

FIRE INSURANCE.
CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP, BLOOMSBURG, PA.
BRITISH AMERICA ASSURANCE COMPANY
GERMAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
NATIONAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
UNION INSURANCE COMPANY.
These OLD CORPORATIONS are well seasoned by age and FIRE TESTED and have never yet had a loss settled by any court of law. Their assets are all invested in SOLID SECURITIES and are liable to the hazard of FIRE only.
Losses PROMPTLY and HONESTLY adjusted and paid as soon as determined by CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP, SPECIAL AGENT AND ADJUSTER BLOOMSBURG, Pa.
The people of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses if any are settled and paid by one of their own citizens.
PROMPTNESS, EQUITY, FAIR DEALING.

B. F. HARTMAN
REPRESENTS THE FOLLOWING
AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANIES
Lycoming of Muncy Pennsylvania.
North American of Philadelphia, Pa.
Franklin of " "
Pennsylvania of " "
Farmers of York, Pa.
Hanover of New York.
Manhattan of New York.
Office on Market Street, No. 5, Bloomsburg.
Oct. 24, 79-1y

DARBYS
PROPHYLACTIC
FLUID.
A Household Article for Universal Family Use.
Eradicates MALARIA.
For Scarlet and Typhoid Fevers, Diphtheria, Salivation, Ulcerated Sore Throat, Small Pox, Measles, and all Contagious Diseases. Persons waiting on the Sick should use it freely. Scarlet Fever has never been known to spread where the Fluid was used. Yellow Fever has been cured with it after black vomit had taken place. The worst cases of Diphtheria yield to it.
Fevered and Sick Persons refreshed and Bed Sores prevented by bathing with Darbys Fluid.
Impure Air made harmless and purified.
For Sore Throat it is a sure cure.
Contagion destroyed.
For Frosted Feet, Chilblains, Piles, Chafings, etc.
Rheumatism cured.
Soft White Complexions secured by its use.
Ship Fever prevented.
To purify the Breath, Cleanse the Teeth, it can't be surpassed.
Catarrh relieved and cured.
Erysipelas cured.
Burns relieved instantly.
Scars prevented.
Dysentery cured.
Wounds healed rapidly.
Scurvy cured.
An Antidote for Animal or Vegetable Poisons, Stings, etc.
I used the Fluid during our present affliction with Scarlet Fever with decided advantage. It is indispensable to the sick-room.—WM. F. SANDFORD, Eyrie, Ala.
Scarlet Fever Cured.
Vanderbilt University, Nashville, Tenn.
I testify to the most excellent qualities of Prof. Darbys Prophylactic Fluid. As a disinfectant and detergent it is both theoretically and practically superior to any preparation with which I am acquainted.—N. T. LUPTON, Prof. Chemistry.
Darbys Fluid is Recommended by
Hon. ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS, of Georgia;
Rev. CHAS. F. DEEMS, D.D., Church of the Strangers, N. Y.;
Jos. LECONTE, Columbia, Prof., University, S.C.
Rev. A. J. BATTLE, Prof., Mercer University;
Rev. GEO. F. PIERCE, Bishop M. E. Church.
INDISPENSABLE TO EVERY HOME.
Perfectly harmless. Used internally or externally for Man or Beast.
The Fluid has been thoroughly tested, and we have abundant evidence that it has done everything here claimed. For fuller information get of your Druggist a pamphlet or send to the proprietors,
J. H. ZEILIN & CO.,
Manufacturing Chemists, PHILADELPHIA.
August, 82 1y

SMALL-POX
and
PITTING of Small Pox PREVENTED
A member of my family was taken with Small-pox. I used the Fluid; the patient was not delirious, was not pitted, and was about the house again in three weeks, and no others had it.—J. W. PARKINSON, Philadelphia.
Diphtheria Prevented.
The physicians here use Darbys Fluid very successfully in the treatment of Diphtheria.
A. STOLLENWERCK, Greensboro, Ala.
Tetter dried up.
Cholera prevented.
Ulcers purified and healed.
In cases of Death it should be used about the corpse—it will prevent any unpleasant smell.
The eminent Physician, J. MARION SIMS, M. D., New York, says: "I am convinced Prof. Darbys Prophylactic Fluid is a valuable disinfectant."



Yours for Health
Lydia E. Pinkham
LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S
VEGETABLE COMPOUND.
A Sure Cure for all FEMALE WEAKNESSES, Including Leucorrhœa, Irregular and Painful Menstruation, Inflammation and Ulceration of the Womb, Flooding, PROLAPSUS UTERI, &c.
☞ Pleasant to the taste, efficacious and immediate in its effect. It is a great help in pregnancy, and relieves pain during labor and at regular periods.
PHYSICIANS USE IT AND PRESCRIBE IT FREELY.
☞ FOR ALL WEAKNESSES of the generative organs of either sex, it is second to no remedy that has ever been before the public; and for all diseases of the KIDNEYS it is the *Greatest Remedy in the World.*
☞ KIDNEY COMPLAINTS of Either Sex Find Great Relief in Its Use.
LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S BLOOD PURIFIER will eradicate every vestige of Humors from the blood, at the same time will give tone and strength to the system. A marvelous result is the Compound.
☞ Both the Compound and Blood Purifier are prepared at 23 and 25 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price of either, $1. Six bottles for $5. The Compound is sent by mail in the form of pills, or of lozenges, on receipt of price, $1 per box for either. Mrs. Pinkham freely answers all letters of inquiry. Enclose 3 cent stamp. Send for pamphlet. *Mention this Paper.*
☞ LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS cure Constipation, Biliousness and Torpidity of the Liver. 25 cents.
☞ Sold by all Druggists. ☜ (3)

Daughters, Wives, Mothers!

DR. J. B. MARCHISI,
UTICA,
DISCOVERER OF DR. MARCHISI'S
CATHOLICON,
A POSITIVE CURE FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS.
This remedy will act in harmony with the Female system at all times, and give immediately upon the abdominal and uterine muscles, and restore them to a healthy and strong condition.
Dr. Marchisi's Uterine Catholicon will cure falling of the womb, Leucorrhœa, Chronic Inflammation and Ulceration of the Womb, Incidental Hemorrhage or Flooding, Painful, Suppressed and Irregular Menstruation, Kidney Complaint, Barrenness and is especially adapted to the change of Life. Send for pamphlet free. All letters of inquiry freely answered. Address as above. For sale by all druggists. New size $1 per bottle. Old size $1.50. Be sure and ask for Dr. Marchisi's Uterine Catholicon. Take no other.
Moyer Bros., Wholesale Agents, Bloomsburg Pa
June 23-1y.

KIDNEY-WORT
HAS BEEN PROVED
The SUREST CURE for
KIDNEY DISEASES.
Does a lame back or disordered urine indicate that you are a victim? THEN DO NOT HESITATE; use Kidney-Wort at once, (druggists recommend it) and it will speedily overcome the disease and restore healthy action.
Ladies. For complaints peculiar to your sex, such as pain and weaknesses, Kidney-Wort is unsurpassed. As it will act promptly and safely.
Either Sex. Incontinence, retention of urine, brick dust or ropy deposits, and dull dragging pains, all speedily yield to its curative power.
☞ SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Price $1.
Acts at the same Time on Kidneys, Liver and Bowels.
KIDNEY-WORT

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
PHILADELPHIA,
TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES,
RICE, SPICES, RICARE SODA, &c., &c.
N. E. Corner Second and Arch streets.
☞ Orders will receive promptattention

POETICAL.

FOOTSTEPS ON THE STAIRS.

In the quiet hush of evening,
As we watch the dying light
Fading into murky shadows,
Sinking into dusky night;
How often from our musings
Of life's sorrows and its cares,
Do we turn and mutely listen
For the footsteps on the stairs.

And when midnight's slumber gently
Calms the weary heart to rest,
And the soul in joyful visions
Of our childhood's days is blest;
When the past, with all its music
And its old remembered airs,
Wake us from our dreams, we listen
For the footsteps on the stairs.

When the heart with grief is burdened,
With its daily toil and pain,
And we feel the sun of pleasure
Will not rise for us again;
And the spirit breathes its sorrow
Forth in silent, voiceless prayers,
Then we long to hear the music
Of the footsteps on the stairs.

In the home of the hereafter,
Where their waiting spirits stands,
Watching for their loved one's coming
To that purer better land;
Then their angel lore will teach us
To forget all earthly cares;
Only then we cease to listen
For the footsteps on the stairs.

SELECT STORY.

BARRY'S CHANCE.

Miss Abigail Burr was a little brown-eyed old maid who lived in a little brown old house with her cat, Debby, and her woman-of-all-work. Prudence—sharp of tongue, long of visage, browner and older than the mistress herself. There was nothing of grace, nor beauty, nor sweetness about Miss Abigail's life; everything was dry and hard and husky. Indeed, some people were so uncharitable as to say that her heart was like a very much dried-up kernel in a nutshell, and would rattle if she were to be shaken hard enough. But I never quite believed that. I always said there was a soft spot in Miss Abigail's heart, to be found when the time came to find it.

One spring twilight a boy opened Miss Abigail's garden gate and walked up the path between the rows of straggling lilacs. He was not a boy who lived about Caperstown, or he would not have dared venture, I am sure, for Prudence's sake, besides having nothing to venture for. He was an unkempt, starved looking little specimen of humanity. His coat was a world too long and patched at the elbows; and his trousers were a world too short, and patched at the knees. His hat was guiltless of brim, and through a hole in the crown bobbed a little tuft of hair which had once been brown, but was now woefully faded. He went straight up to Miss Abigail's porch steps. Miss Abigail was sitting on the porch in her highbacked rocking chair, so intent on binding off her stocking heel that she heard neither the click of the gate latch nor the footsteps on the hard-trodden path; and she did not look up until the boy's figure interposed itself between her work and the fading sunset lights.

He doffed his tattered hat crown. "If you please, ma'am, will you—may I have something to eat?"

It was not at all a tramp's manner of asking; there was a manliness in the voice which Miss Abigail could not help but notice. Perhaps that was the reason she looked at the boy sharply for a moment before she answered. At that moment, Prudence, tall and angular, stood in the door, with a shawl thrown over her head, and her right hand swathed with soft cotton.

"I'll have to git Jonas Barrow's man to do the milkin', Miss Abigail," said she. "I can't. I've burnt my hand that bad."

The boy looked up quickly; "Can't I—could I milk for you?"

As I have intimated Prudence did not like boys; and that she sometimes expressed her dislike in a very forcible manner, many of the village urchins could testify. Now, she surveyed this boy, standing by the porch steps, from his bare brown head, not forgetting the faded little tuft, in dumb astonishment.

"You might let him try, Prudence," said Miss Abigail, thinking rather dubiously of the nervous, mouse colored Alderney in the yard.

"I chored on a farm all last summer," explained the boy, eagerly, glancing from mistress to maid. "I want some supper, and I'll be glad to do something to pay for it."

"Well, you kin try it," said Prudence, after a momentary deliberation. "It's better'n beggin' a favor, anyhow."

She led the way to the kitchen and took a shining tin pail from the dresser.

"Here's the milk pail," said she to the boy, who stood waiting; "an' the cow's in the yard yonder. Pay day comes when the work's done."

And Prudence smiled grimly as she went about setting out a lunch of bread and butter and cold meat. She felt morally certain that the flighty Alderney heifer, used only to womankind, would be much more likely to spread a pair of bovine wings and fly away than allow herself to be milked by a boy.

"He can't do it," she said to Miss Abigail, who presently brought her knitting-work into the kitchen. "The heifer'll send him sky-high!"

But he could and he did. Soon he appeared in the doorway, his pail brimming with snowy foam.

"Well, I never!" ejaculated Prudence.

"You didn't think I could?" said the boy, smiling benignly.

"No, I didn't," admitted Prudence, and straightway, in her astonishment, she added to his fare a segment of rhubarb pie.

"Wasn't there a bit of cheese left from tea?" asked Miss Abigail.

Prudence thought there was, and while she was fetching it from the cellar the boy gave himself a healthy scrubbing at the pump, coming in from his ablutions fresh and ruddy as a rose. He was very hungry; there was no doubt of that. He looked at Miss Abigail with a deprecating smile, as Prudence carried off the bread-plate for a third replenishing. "I'm pretty hungry," said he. "This is the first bite I've had since morning, and it tastes good."

To be sure it did, poor soul. Miss Abigail thought of a little brother who died years and years before, ere his tender feet began to feel the pricks in life's path. How strange that the sight of this little vagrant satisfying his craving at her kitchen table should bring to her remembrance the child who had so early put off the mortal for the immortal!

Presently, when the boy had finished his repast, he laid his knife and fork across his plate with a methodical precision which it pleased Miss Abigail to see; and then he glanced from Prudence, standing near with her arms akimbo, to Miss Abigail.

"Thank you for my supper," said he. "Maybe I'd best be getting along. You don't want a boy to work, do you?"

"A boy—to work!" echoed Prudence. "Did I ever!"

"No, we don't," said Miss Abigail, shortly. And then it was strange enough that she could not help thinking again of that frail little life which had blighted in the bud so long before!

"How far are you going?" she asked.

"I don't know, ma'am."

"And where have you come from?" proceeded Miss Abigail.

"Trescott, ma'am. Mother died there three months ago."

There was a pathetic quiver in his voice. And then, with a little questioning, he told his simple story. His name was Barry Olmstead, and he was twelve years old. He had lived in Trescott a long time, he and his mother; they were very poor, but they had kept a little home together. His mother had taken in sewing and he had worked for neighboring farmers summers and gone to school winters. And he had been happy, for all they were so poor, until—mother died.

"Then I stopped with Dea Staples a spell; he said he wanted to try me. But they were going to bind me out to him, so I run away."

"None to blame, nuther," interposed Prudence, with a great deal of emphasis. "I've seen old Staples down to Trescott. He's that mean that he'd skin a mouse for the hide and taller."

"I've been trying along for a chance to work," continued the boy, smiling faintly. He was very near to tears now, but he held them back sturdily. "But there don't anybody seem to want me."

Miss Abigail was moved more than she would have cared to own by this recital. Even to her, who had lived for self so long, there was something indescribably pitiful in the thought of this little wanderer battling along with the world, buffetted by fortune, drifting here or there, as chance might dictate.

It had grown dark now—the lamps had long since been lighted, and there were mutterings of distant thunder in the air. "It's going to rain," said Miss Abigail. "You needn't go to night; you may sleep in the stable loft."

Barry thanked her.

The storm broke with great violence. And while Abigail listened to the sharp peal of thunder, and the pouring of the rain against the windows, she thought of the lonely little wayfarer in the stable loft with a new, strange throb of pity.

Morning came, merry with bird-song, and glistening with myriads of rain drops. Prudence was up betimes, but early as it was, she heard the sound of an axe in the wood shed; and when she opened the door Barry smiled at her from his post by the chopping block.

"I don't think I paid enough for my supper—I eat such a lot," he said; "so I've split some kindlings; and I'll milk for you this morning if you want me to."

Prudence brought the milk pail without a word. But when she had prepared Miss Abigail's morning meal she made ready a good substantial breakfast for Barry also. When he had eaten it he took up his hat crown.

"Go out the way you come in," said Prudence, "'relse you'll bring back bad luck."

Barry gave a little incredulous laugh, but he went out to the porch. Miss Abigail was there, taking deep breaths of the fresh air, and she bade him a kind "good morning" as he went off the step and down the path again between the lilacs, exuberant in growth but meagre in bloom.

"I wonder why my lilacs do not flower more freely." This Miss Abigail said to Prudence, who had followed to the door.

"I dunno," answered Prudence.

Barry heard and turned. "I guess it's because you leave the old blossoms on," he said, hesitatingly. "My mother used to say I must pick the blossoms off one year, if I wanted any the next."

And then he went out of the gate, closing it carefully behind him, and along the moist brown highway.

"That is a very uncommon boy," said Miss Abigail, looking after him with serious eyes.

"Yes," assented Prudence, "he's a cleaver 'nough little chap—for a boy."

"To think of his knowing about the lilacs," continued Miss Abigail, meditatively, "I must cut off all the flowers this spring."

"And he got as good a mess of milk from the heifer as I could have done myself with a well hand," Prudence went on.

"Yes, he would have been handy about milking and getting the wood for you," said Miss Abigail.

"An' bringin' the letters from the post office," proceeded Prudence. "It's a good piece over to the village, in muddy walkin'."

"So it is," said Miss Abigail. She gazed reflectively along the road which wound, serpentine, to the little hamlet a mile away. Barry was climbing the hill, a mere, pitiful, lonely insignificant atom in the great body of humanity Miss Abigail's eyes filled.

"We might have kept him," she said.

"Tain't any too late yit!" put in Prudence.

The two women looked in each other's eyes.

"If you could make him hear," began Miss Abigail.

For answer Prudence strode to the road, and sent a long, quavering cry after Barry.

"Bo-o-o-y!"

But the little figure they were watching plodded steadily on.

"Gimme the old tin horn outer the kitchen, Miss Abigail!" called Prudence, excitedly. "Quick!"

Miss Abigail, staid spinster that she was, without a thought of the ludicrousness of the proceeding, ran to the kitchen, snatched the horn from its nail and ran out with it to Prudence. And Prudence put it to her lips and blew a blast so long and so loud that it startled the birds into silence and sent the echoes ringing from hillside to hillside.

"He e'n hear that if he e'n hear anything," she muttered.

He did. He stopped. Prudence flourished the horn in frantic excitement. There was a moment of suspense, and then Prudence turned to Miss Abigail standing by the gate.

"He's a-coming back," she said.

When Barry, breathless with the haste he had made, reached the cottage, Miss Abigail was waiting on the porch.

"We've made up our minds to keep you," said she, "as long as you don't give too much trouble."

"Oh, thank you, ma'am!" cried Barry. "Indeed I'll try to please you."

I am sure he has succeeded, for the lilacs have been in bloom three times since that morning, and he is with Miss Abigail yet, growing tall and strong and manly as the years go by. He tills the bit of a farm, which had so long lain unimproved, and in winter attends school at the village, where he is in excellent repute. He is, withal, so faithful and helpful and kind that Prudence is fain to apothegmatize the horn after this fashion: "Harnsome is as harnsome does, an' you're deservin' of a bed o' velvet, old horn, for the good deed you done that day."—*Good Cheer.*

Lightning Strikes Oil.

Last Friday morning, while a fierce thunder storm prevailed, lightning struck an oil tank at the works of the National Storage Company, at Communipaw, causing the most disastrous fire that has been seen in many years. The tank struck stood among a number of others, and, when smitten by the bolt, exploded with a deafening roar, scattering the oil in all directions. The burning petroleum poured forth in a fiery stream and flowed down toward the river. Three huge tanks, each holding 20,000 barrels of oil, stood in the way, and as the burning fluid reached them they exploded simultaneously, with a report that was heard many miles away. Pieces of iron were thrown far across the river, and the flames raged with a fierceness that promised to destroy the entire works.

Tank after tank was fired by the blazing oil, and a dense black smoke arose, enveloping the city and attracting thousands of spectators to the scene. The storehouse, an immense brick building, was soon wrapped in flames, and after it the engine house, the oil and water pump houses, two underground tanks, the machine shop, carpenter shop, two warehouses, and the cooper and blacksmith shops were attacked. The tracks of the Pennsylvania Railroad, which run close by the works, were soon on fire, and several oil tanks on cars were only saved by the expedients of covering them with a thick layer of dirt. A long trestle, belonging to the railroad and running to Black Tom's Island, was entirely destroyed, and the surface of the bay was covered with burning oil.

The fire departments were quickly upon the scene of the fire, but a few minutes' work sufficed to show that nothing could be done toward extinguishing the flames, and all efforts were turned to preventing their spread. While thus engaged near to tank No. 7, it exploded with a deafening report, and blazing oil was thrown for a great distance in every direction. The Chief Engineer and a number of men were within ten yards of the tank when it exploded and were only saved by the fact that the burning oil passed over their heads. They succeeded in escaping unharmed, but six men, who are supposed to have run toward the river when the explosion occurred, were caught by the flames.

The loss, as well as it can be estimated at present, is about $1,000,000. Ten tanks, eight containing oil and two naphtha; a number of buildings, five lighters loaded with oil, 60,000 empty barrels, and several hundred tons of coal were consumed. Fortunately the flames were confined to the South side of the railroad track. Had the tanks on the North side caught fire the loss would have been enormous. The National Storage Company lose on the buildings and tanks, on which they estimate their loss as about $200,000, fully covered by insurance. The oil was owned by different parties, and some cars which were burned belonged to the Pennsylvania Railroad.

The works were the largest of the kind in the United States, and covered forty acres. Half of the space was burned over. It is not thought that the bodies of those burned can be recovered, as they must have been utterly consumed in the intense heat.

Deserted Oil Towns.

Burdette in Burlington Hawkeye.

But if there is a picture of desolation it is an oil town that has been left; that has gone off by itself and died. The dismantled derricks stand about like so many tombstones. The deserted houses, with their shattered windows, look as though the crowd, flying away to the new oil fields, had cruelly put out the eyes of the old town lest it should follow. The doors hang in crippled fashion on paralyzed hinges; they have forgotten their old hospitality of the "flush times;" there is neither welcome or rejection in their half open attitude but they look as though they stood ajar to save the ghosts the trouble of hunting for the keyhole. The dismal creak of the walking-beam is succeeded by a quiet infinitely more dismal. The merry song of the rigger has ceased, and the voice of the nomadic singger mingles no longer with the defiant shout of the rustler. The gin-mill has passed away, and no longer runs even on a single shift. The chimneys topple over and wear the disheartened look of a hat out of season. Even the tramps shun the town, and there is a general look of a linen duster in December about the settlement. Usually one or two of the poorest houses are inhabited by one or two dejected families, who seem to wonder what they are staying there for. I have often wondered why the few people who remain in the deserted oil town did not move in the best houses, but they never do. They are usually people who are too dolefully poor to follow the crowd to the new oil fields, and they stay behind, they remain in their own houses. They take the fences and the sputters and the porches and floors from the property of their absent wealthier neighbors for fire wood, but it never seems to occur to them to move into the mansions and burn up their own hovels. I don't know what they do for a living. I often wonder they don't start a saloon. That flourishes where any other business fails. And it requires so little furniture: just a picture of George Washington and a half bushel of sawdust.

Useful Information.

If you will cut this out and stick it in your memorandum book, you will find it convenient for reference, and be spared the trouble and expense of writing letters of inquiry to the newspapers.

On and after October 1, 1883, letter postage will be two cents for each half ounce or fractional part thereof between all points in the United States. The rate will then be the same on drop letters and all others. No changes have been made in rates on other classes of matter.

On and after the 1st of July, 1883, you can obtain at any money order office postal notes in sums of $5 and under by a fee of three cents. These postal notes will be made payable to bearer without corresponding advices. They will be made payable at any money order office within three months of the date of issue. After the lapse of that time the holder can obtain the par value only by applying to the post-office department at Washington.

On and after the 1st of July, 1883, you can obtain a postal money order for as large a sum as $100. The present limit is $50. The rates on and after that date for orders will be as follows:

Not exceeding $10	8 cents.
From 10 to 15	10 "
" 15 " 30	15 "
" 30 " 40	20 "
" 40 " 50	25 "
" 50 " 60	30 "
" 60 " 70	35 "
" 70 " 80	40 "
" 80 " 100	45 "

The postal notes will, no doubt, be found more convenient in one respect than the fractional currency was, since they can be obtained for any number of cents under $5. There will also be less liability to loss by theft than there was when fractional notes were used for transmission through the mails, especially if the department uses judgment in prescribing the size and form of the notes and in selecting the paper on which they are to be printed. On the other hand, they will be less convenient in that they can only be obtained at money order offices at a considerable sacrifice of time, especially in large cities. It will be observed that after the first of October the cost of sending any sum under $5 by postal note will be 5 cents—2 cents postage and 3 cents fee.—*Chicago Times.*

Newspaper Growth.

According to the George P. Rowell & Bo.'s American Newspaper Directory for 1883, it appears that the newspapers and periodicals of all kinds published in the United States, the Territories and Canada have reached a total 11,802. This is an increase of 584 over the total for the preceding year. The publications issued in the United States and Territories, exclusive of Canada, number 11, 106, of which the Territories possess 324. The total for the United States, exclusive of the Territories and Canada, exceeds the corresponding total for 1882 by 494, and the total for the Territories, given above, shows an excess of ninety-one over the number reported twelve months since. A comparison of the present totals for each State with the totals furnished in the edition of the Directory for 1882, shows that in thirty-two States, and in the District of Columbia, there was an increase, while a slight decrease in three other States the newspaper suspensions exactly balanced the newspaper births.

Taking the States one by one, the newspaper growth in some is very considerable. The present total in New York State, for instance, is 1,399—a gain of eighty in the past year. The increase in Pennsylvania is forty-eight. Nebraska's total grew from 175 to 201, and Illinois' from 890 to 904. A year ago Massachusetts had 420 papers; now the number is 438. In Texas the new papers outnumbered the suspensions by eight, and Ohio now has 738 papers instead of 692. The most remarkable change has occurred in the Territories, in which the daily papers have grown from forty-three to sixty-three, and the weeklies 169 to 243—Dakota being the chief area of activity. The number of monthlies throughout the United States and Territories grew, during the year, from 976 to 1,034, while the dailies, in that time, have added sixty-six to their total. In the Dominion of Canada the number of dailies has increased from sixty-four to seventy-four, although the total of weekly papers exhibits little change.

The Pianoforte.

Miss Charlotte W. Hawes, in a recent lecture on the pianoforte, states some interesting facts: The modern pianoforte was born in 1771, in the mind of Christofofori of Padua, Italy, and is a successor of the instrument known in Nebuchadnezzar's time as the dulcimer.

The first piano seen in England was made by Father Wood, an English monk of Rome; and it was for a long time without a rival, the wonder and delight of all who heard it; but about the year 1760 some ingenious mechanics came from Germany to England in search of employment as pianoforte makers, and this gave the instrument an impetus; it was a party of twelve, who were hence called the apostles. The demand for pianos has constantly increased. Better music has been written for the pianoforte than for any other instrument. We need only to study the works of Bethooven to be convinced of the wealth of harmonious combinations which have been the means of improving the tastes of the people, besides the exquisite enjoyment which the music directly dispenses. Years ago pianoforte music constituted a very modest portion of a music seller's stock; now it fills three-four

THE COLUMBIAN.

G. E. Elwell, J. K. Bittenbender., } Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, MAY 18, 1883.

The administration is in trouble. The President's Stalwart friends seem to be going back on him. Why is this thus?

The City Council of Meadville, has exempted from taxation for city purposes for ten years any manufactories that will invest $5,000 or more in factory buildings.

The Star Route tirals still drag along at Washington. The evidence is all in and the counsel for the defendants are endeavoring to talk the jury to death, which appears to be about the only way to prevent a conviction.

The Millheim *Journal* believes that General Hancock is the only man in the country who can lead the Democrats to victory in 1884. The New York *Sun* thinks Tilden is the man. We do not agree with either of them. We believe that any sound Democrat of national reputation, with a square tariff record can be elected.

There was a prize fight in New York, on Monday evening between Sullivan and Mitchell which resulted in another victory for Sullivan. There was three rounds fought. About 10,000 people witnessed the fighting, among whom were Chas. A. Dana and Roscoe Conkling, who had seats reserved for members of the press. The gate receipts were about $10,000, sixty per cent, of which went to the winner and forty per cent to the loser.

The law and order committee of Wilkes Barre, last Saturday ordered all the saloons, two hundred and fifty in all, to be closed on Sunday; and have officers stationed to see that the law was enforced. The liquor dealers entered complaint as to the cigar stores and they were ordered to be closed also. There is now a bitter feeling between the liquor dealers and cigar stores. The latter declaring that they will see that the Sunday liquor law is rigidly enforced.

With a Republican administration at Washington, plenty of protection tariff, and everything else that the Republican party claimed during the last Presidential Campaign was necessary for the prosperity of the nation there is not as much activity in the business of the country as there ought to be. The great cry of that party in the Garfield fight was that if a Democratic President should be elected it would be followed by hard times. Now let them give us the promised prosperity or acknowledge themselves unfit to govern a free people.

Chairman Hensel, of the state Committee, in a letter to the Jefferson Democratic Association of York, speaks as follows of the importance of such organizations:

My present official concern for the most nearly perfect organization of the Democratic party in the State, will justify me in expressing the high estimate which I set upon the influence of a network of such associations as yours. If these organizations were extended throughout the State their rolls would represent a great body of its most intelligent and active Democrats, whose united thought and action could not fail to powerfully and beneficially influence the sentiment of the party. The effect would be to educate speakers and writers who could appeal with conviction to the individual judgment of the voters at a time, like this, when in the reaction against political "bosses" and "machines" the power of such appeal to common sense and common honesty is greatly heightened.

PATTISON AND McCLURE.

Ever since the inauguration of Governor Pattison, the Philadelphia *Times* has been villifying him for appointing William B. Smith recorder of Philadelphia. A few days ago Col. McClure got himself interviewed by a New York *Herald* reporter, and in response to that the Governor has made public the following letter:

THE TIMES.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 20.

MY DEAR GOV.

Upon reflection I think you were right in the suggestion to appoint a recorder at once and an Ind. Republican and I was wrong in suggesting delay for legislative action. I write merely to say that upon full consideration I think your suggestion entirely right.

YOURS &c.,
A. K. MCCLURE.

The *Patriot* thus comments upon it:

It is a complete answer to all that McClure says on the subject of the recorder. It convicts him before the country of deliberate falsification. It proves him unworthy of trust, and makes anything he may say against the governor in the future absolutely harmless. It proves that every step the Governor took, in the matter of the recorder, met with McClure's fullest commendation and approval. It demonstrates that McClure believed the governor had the right to remove the exciting recorder, a right which he now denies. It shows, also, that he approved of the appointment of an independent republican to the office, in advance of any legislative action looking to its abolition, through, in the columns of his paper, he has presistently denounced the governor on this very ground. In short, it proves that all for which the governor has been criticised by McClure in the *Times* was unequivocally, fully —nay, almost abjectly—assented to by the same McClure in private. All Mr. McClure may say, hereafter, against Governor Pattison will he as harmless as the bleating of a sheep or the braying of an ass. The Ananias of Pennsylvania journalism will be known in history as Colonel A. K. McClure.

As to Governor Pattison, he is to be congratulated. He remained silent a long time nader criticism which he knew to be false and when he might, in a moment, have silenced his accuser. He has, at last, spoken, and spoken opportunely as well as effectually. He has completely disposed of Col. McClure. He has no more to fear from that quarter. In the story of Ananias in Holy Writ these questions are asked; "Why hath satan filled thine heart to lie?" "Why hast thou conceived this thing in thine heart?" And in the sequel it is recorded, "And Ananias, hearing these words, fell down and gave up the ghost." "And the young men arose, bound him up, and carried him out and buried him."

How the President is Deserted.

The wail again rises from Washington that the President's Stalwart friends have deserted him. It is shown that Conkling, Logan, Crowly and Harrison have from time to time withdrawn their valuable support. All but Crowly quit because they didn't get as much consideration or as many offices as they wanted. The western New York statesman, who is the excepted, left because he couldn't have a night key to the White House, together with the privilege of waking the President at all hours of the day or night.

But in spite of the fact that Conkling didn't want Folger nominated, that Logan was somewhat disappointed because his son-in-law could not have the Zuni Reservation, that Gresham was made Postmaster General and Woods Judge, regardless of Harrison, and that Crowley actually vowed he would never again set foot in the White House—in spite of all these facts, the President has actually been able to keep the country going and has taken a considerable fishing excursion beside.

This has probably been a great surprise to these recalcitrant statesmen, and will discourage their compatriots from breaking off their relations with the President until they are assured that their strike will be successful. This ought not, however, to have the slightest effect upon the proprietor of the late Keim incident.—*Times.*

A Defense of Pattison's Administration.

From the Doylestown Democrat.

Some of the Republican newspapers charge, that the desire of buncombe is at the bottom of Gov. Pattison's reform policy. But he can stand this if they can. We wish there was a little more such "buncombe" in public administration, State and Federal. It is too often the case, that he who inaugurates measures of reform is charged with selfish motives; some never receive justice, while others have to wait until their work is over, and perhaps are in their grave. But the shafts of envy and hatred fall harmless at the feet of Governor Pattison, for his past career has made him a record that is proof against all such attacks. He is only pursuing the course he pursued in the Controller's office, protecting the interests of the people against the machinations of the bosses and their henchmen Moreover, he is but carrying out the pledges made to the people before the election. This is the kind of "buncombe" a great many men forget to carry out after they get the office; their promises are forgotten. As the people are satisfied the Governor is consistent in his course, and is governed by honest motives, it matters not what partisan newspapers say. If Governor Pattison should violate his pledges by forgetting to redeem them, we should hear a howl of indignation along the whole Republican line. Instead of this, he has redeemed every pledge made. Under these circumstances he can afford to let his unjust enemies peg away. The people know who stands by them, and already they proclaim, from the Delaware to Lake Erie, "Well done, good and faithful servant."

Death of the Original "Uncle Tom."

The Rev. Josiah Henson, Mrs. Stowe's "Uncle Tom," died at Dresden, Ontario on the 5th, inst.

Mr. Henson has long made the claim that he was the original from which this celebrated character was drawn, and he used it for all it was worth. He visited England a few years ago in this capacity and was presented to the Queen. But Mrs. Stowe rather upset this pretension by the declaration that "Uncle Tom" was not drawn from any one person, but was the result of her observation and study of slavery.

A tramway is to be built up Pike's Peak which will overshadow the Mount Washington Railway. The plan is to construct three of these tramways, each nearly three miles long, one beginning at the end of the other. The first will start from the rear of the iron spring at Manitou, and the last will be terminable in front of the signal station at Pike's Peak, at an elevation of 14,000 feet. The supports will be made of trees not less than eight inches in diameter and about twenty-four feet high, braced above, and below. On these an endless wire cable of one inch bore will revolve, and upon which will be fastened, at intervals of about 100 feet each, a large covered armchair, in which two persons can comfortably sit. This will be suspended about eight feet from the ground, and pass an entertaining and discharging point along a movable platform to load and unload without stopping. The lower section will be propelled by an engine at the lower end. The centre one will be driven by water power, utilized on the mountain side through a turbine wheel, and the third by an engine erected on the summit of the peak.

THE LEGISLATURE.

In the Senate the following bills passed finally:

Senate bill to compel all supreme court opinions to be written out at length.

House bill to exempt mutual loan & building association from taxation for state purposes.

Senate bill to appropriate to the several organizations of the National Guard in Philadelphia the proceeds of the sale of certain real estate paid into the state treasury in 1872.

House bill relating to recorders in cities whose population does not exceed 30,000 inhabitants or is less than 8,00 0.

House bill fixing the standard weight of a bushel of potatoes at sixty pounds.

Senate bill to provide for the establishment of wills during the life of testators.

House bill authorizing councils in cities of the first class to issue subpœnas and to take the testimony of witnesses concerning the management and accounts of any of the departments.

To enable the first Evangelical Lutheran church of East Birmingham, now city of Pittsburg, to sell and convey their burial ground and remove the dead therefrom to other and larger grounds purchased for similar purposes; empowering county commissioners of any county of the state, upon recommendation of two successive grand juries, to condemn a suitable property and sell the same upon approval by the court, for the purposes of erecting thereon a court house; authorizing incorporated compan ies to divide their directors into three classes to serve for one, two, three and four years respectively.

In the House the following bills passed finally:

To repeal an act relating to costs in Luzerne county, so far as the same relates to Lackawanna county; providing that whenever, in any city of the first class, there is required by law a certificate of a regularly chartered boiler inspection and insurance company shall be accepted by the chief boiler inspector of such city in lieu of examination; authorizing the corporate authorities of any borough to vacate any road, street, lane, alley or any part within said borough; authorizing married women and their husbands living separate and apart, under deed of separation and mutual agreement, to sell and convey their separate real estate free and clear of rights of dower and courtesy and other interests; bill providing for the establishment of a scientific agricultural experiment station and appropriating $10,000 annually for four years thereof.

The following appropriation bills passed finally: To the State Lunatic Hospital at Harrisburg, $46,100: for a hospital for sick and wounded miners and railroad men at Connellsville, Fayette county, $12,500; Meadville City Hospital, $5,000; Southern Home for Friendless Children, Philadelphia, 10,000 for the geological survey of the anthracite regions of the state. $50,000; Pittsburg and Allegheny Home for the Friendless, $10,000.

Council Proceedings.

The regular monthy meeting of the Town Council was held on May, 9th 1883, 7½ o'clock P. M. G. A. Herring, the President and all the members were present. The minutes of April 2nd, 4th and 11th were read and approved.

A communication was read from George E. Elwell Chief Engineer of Fire Companies stating that the annual inspection of the Fire Department by the Town authorities would be held on Wednesday the 30th day of May at 1 o'clock in the afternoon.

On motion of Mr. Hartman and seconded by Mr. Sterling the following resolutions were unanmiously passed, to wit:

Resolved, That notice be given to all persons (in accordance with the acts of assembly) interested in properties adjoining and in the line of a street, which is proposed to be opened, to be called Jefferson Street, from Second street to Fifth street, by the widening of Jefferson Alley from Second street to Third street sixteen and one half feet, and continuing and opening a street in the same direction to Fifth street. That the Town Council will consider a proposition to open such street at a meeting of the Council to be held at the usual place of meeting on Tuesday the 22nd day of May A. D. 1883 at 7½ o'clock in the afternoon an which time and place they shall be heard in relation thereto.

Resolved, That notice be given to all persons (in accordance with the acts of assembly) interested in properties adjoining and in the line of a street which is proposed to be opened, to be call——street from First street to the road leading from the Town of Bloomsburg to Light Street of the width of thirty-three feet. That the Town Council will consider a proposition to open such street at the meeting of the Council to be held at the usual place of meeting on Tuesday the 22nd day of May A. D. 1883 at 7½ o'clock in the afternoon at which time and place they shall be heard in relation thereto

Mr. Moyer moved and Mr. Hartman seconded that the tax rate be fixed at ten mills for the year 1883 on the built up property in the Town of Bloomsburg. The yeas and nays were called which resulted as follows viz:

Yeas—Messrs. Hartman, Moyer, Rabb and Waller—4.

Nays—Messrs. Hassert and Sterling—2.

There was not sufficient number of votes cast to legalize the fixing of a tax about five mills and Mr. Sterling moved and Mr. Hassert seconded that a rate of nine mills be fixed. The yeas and nays were ordered; and, being taken, resulted as follows:

Yeas—Messrs, Hassert, Herring and Sterling—3.

Nays—Messrs, Hartman, Moyer, Rabb and Waller—4.

Failing to get the requisite number of votes, Mr. Hartman gave notice that at the next meeting he would propose a rate of ten mills, Mr. Moyer gave notice that he would propose a rate of 9½ mills, and Mr. Sterling gave notice that he would propose a rate of 9 mills on the built up property in the Town of Bloomsburg.

The report of Samuel Neyhad in reference to sewers was read and laid over until next meeting, and, on motion of Mr. Sterling and seconded by Mr. Hassert, Messrs. Hartman and Waller were appointed as a committee to confer with the Board of Trustees of the Normal School and property owners in the town of Bloomsburg to ascertain what they will contribute toward a system of sewerage.

A building permit was granted J. Harvy Long to erect a carpenter shop on the back part of his lot on Fourth street between Market and Jefferson street. David Lowenburg asked permit to lay a walk two feet wide on the east side of Millers alley from his store to his stable which was granted. A building permit was granted John Lockard to erect a dwelling house on Fifth street between Catharine and Iron streets; also, to John S. Sterner on West street between Second street and Third street.

On motion the following bills were read and accepted and the Secretary instructed to draw orders for their several amounts. viz:

C. R. Housel street Commissioners for April		$33 25
John Gillespie, labor on Highway		9 37
Oliver Fornwalt, " " "		10 00
H. G. Housel, " " "		1 87
Clark Veats, " " "		10 00
Elijah Shutt, " " "		10 62
Joseph Townsend, " " "		4 80
Wm. A. Jacoby, " " "		4 37
John Reimard, " " "		9 25
Michael Walter, " " "		62
S. C. Shive, horse and wagon on highway,		1 00
Eli Jones, for same		6 00
Henry Hassert, for same		3 50
Samuel Trump, "		4 50
Fredrick Schwin, "		14 00
John V. Wightnight, stone for Pine alley bridge,		13 12
C. R. Mendenhall, lumber and timber for highway,		53 86
O. A. Jacoby, stone for highway		73 27
Samuel Trump, for hauling 288 loads of dirt,		11 40
G. M. & J. K. Lockard, coal for lockup &c.		3 97
John Jones for water trough at east and Main streets,		5 00
C. A. Prentiss for repairs on Hook & Ladder Hose Carriage.		2 50
M. C. Woodward constable and police service for April,		11 83
S. W Shutt police service for month of April		4 00
D. J. Hall for removing 10 bodies from Episcopal burying ground to Rosemont Cemetery @ ,90		9 00
J. H. Maize, oaths of council for years 1882 & 1883,		3 50
F. D. Dentler, C. R. Housel, & Thomas Webb, Town auditors,		9 00
Elwell & Bittenbender, publishing statement of 1882,		15 00
C. M. Vanderslice, for same		15 00
Samuel Neyhard, Town surveyor,		51 75
Bloomsburg Gas Co. 42 gas posts for April,		84 00
Bloomsburg Water Co., water rent for April,		66 66
Secretary's salary for April,		15 00
Total		$571 01

On motion of Mr. Hartman and seconded by Mr. Sterling Council adjourned to meet May 22nd 1883 at 7½ o'clock in the after noon.

A. L. FRITZ, Sec'y.

Roll of Honor.

The following pupils have neither been tardy nor absent during the entire term:

THIRD STREET SCHOOL.

Room 1.—Katie Davis, Helen Laycock, Jennie Roadarmel, Mattie Wanich, Mattie Sterner, Carrie Wilson, Freddie Holmes and Willie Homes.

Room 2.—Bessie Holmes, Ada Cox, Lilla Sloan, Ella Kramer, Maggie Powell, Maggie Evans, Orval Yetter.

Room 3.—Ida Rinker, Fannie Freeze, Laura Brockway, Bessie Roadarmel, Ruth Edwards, Josiah Furman, Jefferson Moyer, Edward Moyer, Warren Kramer, Charles Rabb.

Room 4.—Kate Pifer.

FIFTH STREET SCHOOL.

Room 1.—Elisha Fornwalt, Willie Snyder, Charles Pollock, Ada Yetter.

Room 2.—Amanda Brant, Joseph Sharpless.

Room 3.—Charlie Sharpless.

Room 4.—Irene Girton, Grace Woodward, Eva Stiles, Katie Cadow, Willie, Snyder, Charles Kesty.

Maggie Evans has not been tardy nor absent for five successive terms.

Two hundred pupils were on the "Roll of Honor" during the last month of school, or about 40 per cent., of all the pupils attending the public schools.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF COLUMBIA COUNTY.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to said court on Monday June 11th 1883 under act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania entitled "an act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved April 29th 1874, and the supplements thereto. for the charter of an intended corporation, to be called "The Young Men's Christian Association of Berwick, Pa." the objects of which is for the improvement of the spiritual, mental, social, and physical condition of young men, and for these purposes to have possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of the said act of assembly and its supplements.

A. K. OSWALD, Solicitor.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-St., N. Y. aug 11-1 y.

An Old Soldier's EXPERIENCE.

"Calvert, Texas, May 3, 1882.

"I wish to express my appreciation of the valuable qualities of

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

as a cough remedy.

"While with Churchill's army, just before the battle of Vicksburg, I contracted a severe cold, which terminated in a dangerous cough. I found no relief till on our march we came to a country store, where, on asking for some remedy, I was urged to try AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL.

"I did so, and was rapidly cured. Since then I have kept the PECTORAL constantly by me, for family use, and I have found it to be an invaluable remedy for throat and lung diseases. J. W. WHITLEY."

Thousands of testimonials certify to the prompt cure of all bronchial and lung affections, by the use of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL. Being very palatable, the youngest children take it readily.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists.

STYLISH WEDDING INVITATIONS and Announcements, Reception Cards and Invitations engraved in the best manner. Samples in the latest forms and handsomest varieties of script.

NOVELTIES IN THE DECoration of Note Papers, Stamping in Colors and in Rich Bronzes. Effective Combinations of Colors illuminated in Gold. Special designs furnished free of charge for ornamental Initials and Address Dies in new styles of lettering.

THE HIGH REPUTATION of BAILEY, BANKS & BIDDLE'S Illuminated Stationery is due to its perfection of detail execution and the constant originality of idea in the designs produced.

12th & Chestnut, PHILADELPHIA.

MERCANTILE APPRAISEMENT.

List of Dealers in Columbia County, Pa.

I hereby certify the following list of dealers taken, returned and classified by me in accordance with the several Acts of Assembly, in and for the year 1883, is correct to the best of my knowledge.

BEAVER TOWNSHIP.

NAMES.	BUSINESS.	CLASS.	
G P Dreisbach	Gen. Store	14	$ 7 00
Charles Appleman	Hotel	5	50 00
D L Slingerf	Store	14	7 00
P H Shuman	"	14	7 00
C A Shuman	"	14	7 00
J P Smith	Hotel	5	50 00
Levi Michael	Store	14	7 00
	BENTON.		
C H Meyers	Pat. Medicines	3	10 00
Hiram Hess	Hotel	5	50 00
H E Everett	Gen. Store	14	7 00
J J McHenry	Store	13	10 00
A & H McHenry	Store	14	7 00
McHenry & Krickbaum	furn'tr. store	14	7 00
J E Edson	Store	14	7 00
	BERWICK.		
George Smith	2 billiard tables	8	40 00
F L Hutchinrt	furniture store	13	10 00
R H Little	drug store	14	7 00
"	Pat. medicines	3	10 00
T F Berger	bottler	5	50 00
R Berger	restaurant	5	20 00
C W Brubaker	hardware store	14	7 00
T B Bradford	shoe store	14	7 00
M A Loeb	clothing store	14	7 00
C D Fowler	stoves & tinware	14	7 00
J Greasy	grocery	14	7 00
J H Dieterich	stationery	14	7 00
R B Swayze & Co.,	Gen. Store	14	7 00
J F Keller	bottler	5	50 00
H M Hackman	confectionery	14	7 00
J E Vanatta	jeweller	14	7 00
Reagan & McCrea	drug store	14	7 00
	pat. medicine	3	10 00
Freas Brothers	gen. store	11	15 00
E K Adams	gen. store	13	10 00
Bowman & Crispin	store	11	15 00
H R Bower	"	13	10 00
A S Clark	notions	14	7 00
Freas Brothers	lumber dealers	13	10 00
S F Dreisbach	organs & machines	14	7 00
Samuel K Heller	4 pool tables	8	40 00
Jackson & Woodin	agr'l imp's, gen. store	8	80 00
" "	pat. medicines	3	10 00
G A Buckingham	stoves & tinware	14	7 00
W H Yetter	organs & machines	14	7 00
Casper Frantz	butcher	14	7 00
F R Jackson & Co.,	"	14	7 00
Moses A Merkle	cigars & tobacco	14	7 00
	BRIARCREEK.		
C E Price	store	14	7 00
Ash & Brothers	distillery	9	15 00
William Girton	grocery	14	7 00
	BLOOMSBURG.		
J L Girton	restaurant	5	20 00
J W McKelvy	gen. store	6	50 00
I W Hartman & Son	"	10	20 00
J C Liddy & Co	carpets, boots, shoes &c	14	7 00
Singer mf'g. Co,	sewing machines, &c	14	7 00
W J Correll & Co.,	furniture	13	10 00
J K Eyer	gen. store	14	7 00
Wm Rabb	grocery	14	7 00
L E Wiary	stoves	14	7 00
J W Saltzer	organs & machines	14	7 00
J S Reitz	butcher	14	7 00
Hartman & Bro	grocery	14	7 00
P S Moyer	stoves & tinware	14	7 00
G W Bertsch	merchant tailor	14	7 00
E A Rawlings	butcher	14	7 00
Elwell & Bittenbender	stationery	14	7 00
F D Dentler	boots & shoes	14	7 00
W C McKinney	2 billiard tables	8	40 00
James Reilly	" "	8	40 00
George A Clark	books & stationery	12	12 50
J W Tubbs	hotel	5	50 00
Jane Scott	confectionery	14	7 00
B Stohner	restaurant	5	20 00
Frank P Billmeyer	grocery	13	10 00
A H Neyhart	flour & feed	14	7 00
C C Galligan	stoves &c	14	7 00
Kuhn & Rice	butchers	14	7 00
H J Clark & Son	dry goods, notions &c	11	15 00
S A Wilson	confectionery	14	7 00
Lewis Bernhard	jeweller	14	7 00
C E Savage	"	14	7 00
David Lowenberg	clothing	13	10 00
E E Cadman	furniture	14	7 00
Holmes & Schuyler	hardware	11	15 00
Layton Bungar & Co.,	"	13	10 00
Elmport & Bro	grocery	13	10 00
J D Wilson	leather, &c.,	14	7 00
Joseph Decker	confectionery	14	7 00
C C Marr	store	14	7 00
Evans & Eyer	clothing	14	7 00
W J Kindig	boots & shoes	14	7 00
D A Creasy	gen. store	14	7 00
David Stroup	grocery store	14	7 00
Andrew Solieder	boot & shoe findings	14	7 00
B H Yanatta, agent,	wall paper, &c	14	7 00
I K Miller	store	14	7 00
J B Skarr	"	14	7 00
E B Brower	stoves & tinware	14	7 00
J Kinport	drugs	14	7 00
"	pat. medicines	13	10 00
W C Richart	flour & feed	14	7 00
H F Klein	grocery	14	7 00
"	pat. medicines	4	5 00
H Klein	drugs	14	7 00
G M & J K Lockard	coal dealers	14	7 00
William Giger	hotel	5	50 00
C W Neal & Bro	coal dealers	14	7 00
Harman & Hassert	dealers in coal	14	7 00
O A Jacoby	grocery	14	7 00
"	liquor store	5	25 00
"	coal dealer	14	7 00
Farmers' produce Ex.,	gen. store	12	12 50
Jane E Brown	hotel	5	50 00
Farmers' produce Ex.,	coal dealer	14	7 00
D P Deibler,	vender of pat. medicines	3	10 00
Peter Gross	bottler	5	50 00
Simon C Shives,	agr'l. implements	14	7 00
Bloomsburg Iron Co	gen. store	10	20 00
C B Robbins	liquor store	13	25 00
Wolf & Rittenhouse	agr'l implem'nts	14	7 00
F M Gilmore	restaurant	5	20 00
W H Gilmore	"	8	80 00
"	bottler	5	50 00
"	billiard & pool table	8	40 00
G M J K Lockard	gen. store	11	15 00
Lutz & Sloan	dry goods & notions	13	10 00
N J Hendershott	drugs	14	7 00
"	pat. medicine	3	10 00
Lewis Gross	clothing	14	7 00
J E Caldwell	confectionery	14	7 00
J J Brower	carpet store	14	7 00
C A Klein	drug store	14	7 00
"	pat. medicines	3	10 00
W H Yetter	organs & machines	14	7 00
C S Furman	trunks, &c	14	7 00
Jacob Keller	wholesale notions	10	20 00
Alexander & Bro	wh'lsale tobacco &c	10	20 00
Moyer Bros	wholesale druggists	5	50 00
"	drug store	14	7 00
"	pat. medicines	2	30 00
	CENTRALIA.		
D F Curry	hotel	5	50 00
Joseph Standenmeirer	confectionery	14	7 00
J F Mellington	drug store	14	7 00
"	pat. medicines	4	5 00
M W Brennan	grocery store	14	7 00
James Kane	restaurant	5	20 00
Adam Mensch	jeweller	14	7 00
O B Millard	gen. store	12	12 50
Mary Chapman	restaurant	5	20 00
Theopholis Evans	"	5	20 00
James Grant	"	5	20 00
Owen P Kane	liquor store	13	25 00
A B Fortner stoves & tinware		14	7 00
John Nurtney	liquor store	13	25 00
Michael J Ryan	restaurant	5	20 00
Irvin Brothers	gen. store	14	7 00
"	pat. medicines	4	5 00
Johanna O'Conner	liquor store	13	25 00
Eliza Goldsworthy	hotel	5	50 00
"	pool table	8	30 00
Wm Peiffer	hotel	5	50 00
"	billiards	8	30 00
David C Black	grocery	14	7 00
David E Keller	stoves & tinware	14	7 00
Andrew Lenahan	grocery	14	7 00
G W Davis	drug store	14	7 00
"	pat. medicines	4	5 00
C G Murphy	gen. store	12	12 50
Henry K Kahler	butcher	14	7 00
Thomas Collins	liquor store	13	25 00
Robert Farrell	restaurant	5	20 00
Richard Irvin	furniture	14	7 00
L A Riley & Co	gen. store	4	80 00
	CONYNGHAM.		
Mary Monroe	restaurant	5	20 00
William Herbert	store	14	7 00
Daniel E Kehres	hotel	5	50 00
A H Church	gen. store	12	12 50
John L Kline	hotel	5	50 00
	CENTRE.		
Low Bros & Co	store	14	7 00
Jacob Sponsler	"	14	7 00
J S Mann	hotel	5	50 00
Thomas Brobst	grocery	14	7 00
Z T Fowler	grain dealer	13	10 00
David Hayman	auctioneer	1	5 00
H G Martz	store	14	7 00
A M Beidleman	"	14	7 00
	CATAWISSA.		
M A Swank	store	14	7 00
William Berkheimer	restaurant	5	20 00
B P Fortner & Son	store	14	7 00
Charles Hays	clothing & books	14	7 00
I H Seesholtz	gen. store	14	7 00
David Hollingshead	restaurant	5	20 00
William Gunther	butcher	14	7 00
Hester Kistler	hotel	5	50 00
A Truckenmiller	restaurant	5	20 00
"	2 billiard tables	8	40 00
L O Witman	clothing, shoes, &c.,	14	7 00
S B Rhawn	stoves & tinware	14	7 00
J K Rhawn	cigars & tobacco	14	7 00
D B Frederick	pool table	8	30 00
"	cigars & tobacco	14	7 00
Stephen Baldy	store	11	15 00
John R Detmer	gen. store	13	10 00
George Manhart	boots & shoes	14	10 00
Truckenmiller & Keller	books & music	14	7 00
T D Berninger	furniture store	14	7 00
J K Sharpless & Son	gen. store	9	25 00
T E Harder	furniture store	13	10 00
P B Erwin	confectionery	14	7 00
William John	stoves & tinware	14	7 00
J M Smith	drugs & hardware	12	12 50
"	pat. medicines	4	5 00
S D Rinard	gen. store	14	7 00
G W Reifsnyder & Co	gen. store	13	10 00
Albert Yetter	1 billiard table	8	30 00
Osmun & Willits	drug store	14	7 00
"	pat. medicines	4	5 00
Gordon & Haycock	bottlers	5	50 00
A B Cleaver	stoves & tinware	14	7 00
Geary & Giffen	coal	14	7 00
M A Ribby	coal	14	7 00
J B Knittle	"	14	7 00
G L Kostenbauder	hotel	5	50 00
Catawissa Paper Co	coal	14	7 00
E M Tewksbury	merchandise	14	7 00
	FISHINGCREEK.		
J M Ammerman	store	14	7 00
W N Hosler	"	14	7 00
Alfred Chapin	furniture store	14	7 00
Huff and Savage	store	14	7 00
G M Howell	"	14	7 00
M McHenry & Bro	"	14	7 00
J F McHenry	"	14	7 00
B F Edgar	auctioneer	1	5 00
	FRANKLIN		
Levi George	gen. store	14	7 00
Pensyl & Klinle	"	14	7 00
	GREENWOOD.		
A J Derr	gen. store	14	7 00
Irain Derr	auctioneer	1	5 00
P D Black	gen. store	13	10 00
W F Hess	gen. store	14	7 00
Samuel Nagler	pat. Medicines	4	5 00
G W Perkins	"	3	10 00
Ellis Eves & Bro	gen. store	11	15 00
William Masters	"	12	12 50
V P Eves	furniture	14	7 00
C W Eves	"	14	7 00
Wilson M Eves	gen. store	14	7 00
J E Welliver	store	14	7 00
Samuel Hazledine	hotel	5	50 00
	HEMLOCK.		
C H Deitterich	hotel	5	53 00
H N & J E White	store	14	7 00
A B Vanliew	"	4	7 60
	JACKSON.		
H H Hurleman	store	14	7 00
	LOCUST.		
Yocum Bros	store	14	7 00
Aaron Yoder	restaurant	5	20 00
P P Cherington	hotel	5	50 00
David Stine	store	14	7 00
M Seaborn	hotel	5	50 00
D H Daniels	store	14	7 00
Daniel Knorr	hotel	5	50 00
C S Hower	auctioneer	1	5 00
Robert Watkins	"	1	5 00
M L Raup	butcher	14	7 00
Wellington Yeager	hotel	5	50 00
Rudolph Yeager	restaurant	5	20 00
Jacob Yeager	store	14	7 00
	MADISON.		
William Gingles	store	13	10 00
C Kramer	store	13	10 00
A K Smith	hotel	5	50 00
	MAIN.		
J E Bishop	store	14	7 00
B R Yetter	hotel	5	50 00
J D Bodine	store	14	7 00
C J Campbell, agent,	"	14	7 00
J E Lougenberger	hotel	5	50 00
Charles Richart	store	14	7 00
	MIFFLIN.		
A W Snyder	gen. store	14	7 00
A W Hess	hotel	5	50 00
"	coal dealer	14	7 00
N B Creasy	gen. store	14	7 00
A C Millard	stoves & tinware	14	7 00
R J Berninger	furniture	14	7 00
Henry Grover	pool table	8	30 00
I Hess Strauss	coal dealer	14	7 00
J C Wintersteen	auctioneer	1	5 00
J H Hetler & Son	store & agr'l impl'nts	14	7 00
Sweppenheiser & Snyder	store	14	7 00
	MT. PLEASANT.		
J P Sands	store	14	7 00
	MONTOUR.		
G B Hosler	store	14	7 00
B T Yocum	hotel	5	50 00
Paxton & Harman	merchandise	14	7 00
	ORANGE.		
George Heckman	hotel	5	50 00
C Mears	butcher	14	7 00
D K Sinan & Son	gen. store	13	10 00
Fleckenstine & Demott	store	14	7 00
G N Smith	stoves & tinware	14	7 00
A R Stuart	store	13	10 00

The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

FRIDAY, MAY 18, 1883.

Correct Railroad Time Table.

Trains on the Philadelphia & R. R. leave Rupert as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
8 18 a. m.	11 45 a. m.
4 36 p. m.	6 45 p. m.

Trains on the D. L. & W. R. R. leave Bloomsburg as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
7 16 a. m.	8 25 a. m.
10 47 a. m.	11 45 a. m.
6 34 p. m.	4 24 p. m.

The 11 45 train south connects with the Philadelphia & Reading at Rupert, and with the Northern Central at Northumberland.

The 9:25 a. m. train connects at Northumberland with 9:25 train on Pennsylvania road reaching Philadelphia at 3:30 p. m.

The 11:47 train connects with Philadelphia and Reading road at Rupert at 11:50 reaching Philadelphia at 6:30 p. m.

The 12:45 train connects with Pennsylvania road at North umberland at 1:45 reaching Philadelphia at 7:25 p. m.

The 4:30 p. m. train connects with Pennsylvania road at Northumberland at 8:05 p. m. and reaches Philadelphia at 2:55 a. m.

Trains on the N. & W. B. Railway pass Bloom Ferry as follows:

SOUTH.	SOUTH.
7.41 a. m	12.56 p. m.
6.31 p. m	7.07 p. m.

Personal.

W. A. Marr Esq of Ashland, spent Tuesday in town.

Dr. and Mrs Mitchell started for Saratoga Springs on Tuesday. They will be absent a month.

Rev. W. H. Dill preached in the M. E. church on Sunday, in the absence of Dr. Monroe who officiated at New Columbia.

Among our callers the past week were E. S. Fritz, N. Freas, J. D. Bodine, J. W. Hoffman, Moses Hower, C. G. Murphy, J. Scarlet, Jas. Heacock, E. J. Albertson, W. H. Tuttle, Jonathan Loreman.

FOR SALE. A platform spring wagon. Inquire of W. C. McKinney.

Jos. Decker is enlarging his dwelling house on East street, near the furnace.

Court proceedings are crowded out this week, but will appear in full next week.

Illustrated Book of **Cage Birds** mailed for a 3 cent stamp. Bird Food Co., 237 South 8th St. Phila.

J. Saltzer has just put in his music warerooms, a beautiful upright chickering piano.

J. K. Lockard is breaking ground for a residence on Fifth Street, next to C. W. Neal.

Leonard R. Bomboy is making extensive improvements about his property on Rock street.

Thermometers, all sizes. Small ones for scroll work, at the COLUMBIAN store.

Col. Freeze has given his iron fence a fresh coat of paint, making it look bright and new.

Sweet potato plants, 40c per 100 at J. Garrison's 5th street.

The State Teachers' Association will meet at Williamsport on July 10th, 11th and 12th.

John M. Clark, Esq., has removed his law office from Schuyler's building to rooms over Moyer Bros' drug store.

The *Lycoming Chronicle* appeared in mourning last week, and published an excellent likeness of its deceased editor, Col. Tate.

According to the *Clinton Democrat* there will be about seventeen graduates from the Lock Haven Normal School. The commencement will be held May 25th.

Remember the lecture of Col. Copeland, at the Opera House on next Friday evening, for benefit of Ent Post, G. A. R. Admission 35 and 50 cents. Seats can be secured at Dentler's Shoe Store.

If you want a nice Spring Hat
The latest color and style call at
David Lowenberg's Popular Clothing Store.

In the report of the Grand Jury last week a typographical error made it read thus, "that a telephone be placed at the county's expense in the court house *and paid for.*' It should have read "in the court house *and jail.*"

Bishop Whitehead confirmed a class of thirteen at St. Paul's church last Saturday evening. There was a large congregation present, and the Bishop preached an able sermon. He is one of the youngest of the Episcopal bishops.

You can secure a fine $250 organ for $115, at $3.00 per month, by joining the Estey Organ Club of Bloomsburg, Pa.
Address, F. M. EVERETT, Sec'y.
Bloomsburg, Pa.

There was a fair attendence at St. Gabriel's church, Sugarloaf, last Friday on the occasion of the Bishop's visitation. There were no confirmations, the church having been without a rector for some time. We learn that Rev. Mr. Rockwell will take charge again soon.

A complete assortment of the best American watches, both in hunting and open cases, warranted from two to five years, at L. Bernhard's jewelry store.

You can secure a fine $250 organ for $115, at $3.00 per month, by joining the Estey Organ Club of Bloomsburg, Pa.
Address, F. M. EVERETT, Sec'y.,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

The Ent Post of the Grand Army Republic extend an invitation to all the Sunday schools of the town, and the citizens generally, to participate with them in the services on Memorial Day, May 30th. Any flowers or bouquets set to their hall on that day will be thankfully received.

C. P. SLOAN,
T. E. GEDDIS,
W. R. RINGROSE, } Committee.

Rare Bargains in Fine Ready Made Clothing, grand arrival of Spring Styles.

We defy competition—We guarantee satisfaction. Elegant Suits for Little Boys. Substantial Suits for School. Stylish suits for Youths—call and be convinced that the best place to buy your Clothing is at the Popular Clothing Store of
David Lowenberg.

Peter Heffron, who plead guilty to the charge of assault and battery with intent to kill Michael Haley at Centralia, was brought before the court on Monday morning for sentence. Upon being asked by the Judge if he had anything to say why sentence should not be pronounced upon him, he said that he was drunk when the act was committed and had no recollection of what he did, and hoped the Court would not be hard on him. Judge Elwell said intoxication was no excuse for crime; it was rather an aggravation. The man who voluntarily makes himself drunk and then commits an act that endangers the life of his fellow citizens, is not a fit person to be allowed to run at large. He ought to be excluded from society. The sentence imposed was a fine of $100 and the costs of prosecution and imprisonment in the penitentiary for two years and four months.

The case of Keller vs. N. & W. B. Railway Co., has occupied the attention of the court most of the week. All the jurors not empanelled in this case were discharged on Monday, Barkley, Knorr and Winterstein are for the plaintiff, and Buckalew, ex-attorney General Palmer, and Waller for the defense. The jury is out as we go to press.

The public schools closed on Friday last. The exercises consisted of declamations, reading, dialogues and music. At the close of the entertainment Mr. Buckingham was presented with a handsome edition of Scott's works, and Mr. Miller with a copy of Tennyson.

A large stock of silver-plated knives and forks, as low as two dollars a set, also casters, butter dishes, &c., at Bernhard's jewelry store.

The Milton Water Company was granted a Charter on Tuesday, May 8th at Harrisburg. The capital stock is $35,000. Now let the people declare for water for fire purposes and public usage, and the works will be rapidly built. This is and must be one of the greatest public improvements that has ever been inaugurated in Milton, and will, if properly managed, prove of vast benefits to our enterprising town.—*Argus.*

Cheapest Fashion Magazine in the world, 120 large pages, 4 pages new music, 1000 engravings each issue, 50 cents per year; single copies 15 cts. Strawbridge & Clothier, 8th & Market Sts., Phila.

Messrs. Elwell & Bittenbender, publishers of the *Columbian*, will please accept our thanks for a copy of Colonel Freeze's History of Columbia County. The work shows that the author has taken advantage of every available point to make the history as complete as possible, and the publishers deserve great credit for the manner in which they have presented the work to the public. Send to the *Columbian* office, Bloomsburg for a copy.—*Berwick Gazette.*

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Address, F. M. EVERETT, Sec'y.,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

We announce this week important changes in the time table of the D. L. & W. R. R. A new train has been put on the road leaving Scranton at 6:00 a. m. arriving at Bloomsburg, at 8: 25. The train going north at 10: 47 connects with Buffalo train so as to reach there the same evening. They also connect with trains for New York. At Northumberland all trains connect for Harrisburg and Philadelphia, as well as for Williamsport and Lock Haven. Baggage checked through to all these points from Bloomsburg.

William L. Manning has the agency for the sale of the History of Columbia County for the townships of Benton, Sugarloaf, Fishingcreek, Jackson, Pine Greenwood and Madison, and will make a thorough canvass and give every body an opportunity to procure a copy. Some people who want the work are holding back thinking that after the demand lessens, the prices will be lower. This is a mistake. As the books are selling now the edition will soon be exhausted, and it has been determined to raise the price of the last two hundred books. Now is the time to purchase.

BUYERS TAKE NOTICE.—We have on hand a large quantity of lumber, shingles, &c., which we are selling at the lowest prices. Get our figures before buying elsewhere.
LILLEY & SLEPPY,
Orangeville.

The Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Express Co. began billing direct to Buffalo from here on Monday last. They are prepared to receive express for Buffalo and intermediate points at low rates. Their connections to all points East and West are of the best. They also began on Monday to run an early express from New York, arriving here at eight twenty-five a. m., giving them three express trains daily from New York and same going. Through the efforts of their agent, here Mr. Wm. C. McKinney who has given the business his individual attention, they have come into a large share of the public busines. Their increased facilities for serving the public will no doubt be appreciated by their patrons.

She Didn't Want to Burn Up.

During the Books trial last week a large number of witnesses stopped at the Exchange Hotel. Among them was a woman who upon retiring at night, took her pillow and going to the door of her room, opened it and lay down with her head in the hall. Upon being asked why she did this, she said she had not been out of Danville for twenty-six years, and she wasn't coming all the way to Bloom to be burned up in a big house, like this. She said she'd heard of them hotel fires before.

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Address, F. M. EVERETT, Sec'y.,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

The Books Case.

The case of Curtis Books vs. the Borough of Danville was finished on Saturday. This case was brought here from Montour county, and was an action for damages for the death of Mrs. Books by falling into the canal at an unprotected point. C. R. Buckalew and James Scarlet Esqs. were counsel for the plaintiff, while Col. Freeze, Grier and Hickley, and F. C. Angle appeared for the Borough. The defense set up was that Mrs. Books was insane and committed suicide, her own declarations for several years past showing a suicidal tendency. The jury was out but a short time, and brought in a verdict in favor of the plaintiff for $3666.00.

There were a great many witnesses present, and the costs will run into hundreds of dollars

Fine Spring Suitings
Fine Dress Suitings
Fine Trouserings

just arrived, call and examine the Custom Department of David Lowenberg's Popular Clothing Store.

We have arranged to grind LEWIS' PURE WHITE LEAD IN CAMPBELL'S AND THAYER'S PURE LINSEED OIL, and are prepared to offer inducements in price to dealers and consumers. HENRY S. REAY,
3-2-3m Rupert Pa.

Rumors of a New Railroad.

The North Branch papers announce that the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western R. R. is about to build from the Northumberland terminus of the Lack & Bloomsburg division through Union, Centre and Clearfield counties, and one westward to make connection with important lines running west and south. This will open a large territory abundant in iron ore, coal, and other minerals. It will traverse a farming country now remote from railroad facilities. The line will lessen the distance from New York to Pittsburg considerably, and will prove a strong opponent of the Pennsylvania Central and Reading Railroad. The D., L. & W. road is under the Jay Gould system, and if so, a trio of the heaviest railroaders in this country are looking for a route into the Clearfield region.—*Clearfield Republican.*

A Daring Highway Robbery.

On Thursday of last week Levi Michael of Mainville, drove to Orangeville with one horse, for a load of lumber. Between eight and nine o'clock in the evening he reached the Espy ferry on his way home, and at the trestle work on the other side of the river he was joined by two young men, who walked up the hill beside the wagon, engaged in conversation with him. Each of them had a bottle of whiskey. They offered him some but he merely tasted it, as it was vile stuff. On the top of the hill the young men got on the wagon and rode some distance, when Mr. Michael discovered that one of them had a hand in his pocket. He struggled to prevent the man from getting his pocket book, whereupon the other one struck Michael in the face, and pummelled him until he was insensible. His face was bruised, and one tooth knocked out. The men then took his money and left. They got $152, made up of three $20 bills, a check for $22, some five and ten dollar bills, and a little small change. Mr. Michael had taken the money with him to buy a wagon, but decided not to pay for it until it was delivered. After the robbers left him he was insensible for some time, and it was one o'clock at night before he reached home. In the conversation going up the hill one of the men said his name was Bredbenner. A young man by that name was arrested the following day, and taken before a Justice, but he clearly proved his innocence and was discharged. This is one of the boldest robberies ever perpetrated in this county.

APPLICATIONS FOR LICENSE REFUSED.

REMARKS OF THE COURT.

In the matter of the applications of D. F. Curry, William Peifer, and Daniel Kehres, for hotel licenses in the borough of Centralia, the records show that these applicants were severally granted hotel licenses one year ago, and that they each forfeited such license by neglecting to pay the license fee as required by law. The act of assembly provides that payment shall be made within fifteen days after license granted, otherwise it is no protection for a violation of the law by selling without a license.

It is urged in behalf of these applicants that they are to be presumed innocent of a violation of law by illegal sale. No doubt such a presumption would arise in the case of a criminal prosecution, but there is another presumption of law that is applicable here. If these parties have neglected to take up their license because they concluded not to keep a hotel, they knew that such a representation clearly established would relieve them from the imputation of an attempt to defraud the revenue and of doing an illicit business under pretense of having obtained a license. If they had not violated the law by illegal sale, the presumption is that their interest would have prompted them to allege and prove to the court that no wrong was intended or practiced by them. They failed to comply with the law requiring their license to be framed and hung up in their place of business. It would seem that there must have been concert of action on the part of these landlords. While other licenses in the county paid what the law required; these three, living in the same town near together, carried on their business without offering to comply with the law, and without any attempt at excuse. That the community will be incommoded by the failure of these applicants to obtain licenses is not sufficient ground for granting the applications to persons who have shown a wilful disregard of the law. We cannot, without repudiating the rules by which we have hitherto been governed in respect to withholding licenses from applicants proved to have violated the law, grant these licenses. We must uphold the law and preserve our own consistency by rejecting their applications. And now May 15, 1883, applications rejected.

In the matter of Theophilus Evans, applicant for a restaurant license, the evidence is not sufficient to satisfy the court that it is necessary that such a license should be granted at the place indicated in the petition. A single witness is called, whose testimony is that the restaurant is necessary as far as he knows; and that Mr. Evans is a proper person to keep a restaurant, as far as he knows.

We think this evidence insufficient, this being a new house, to establish its necessity for the accommodation of the public; and we therefore reject the application.

CRYING FOR AID.

Loss of Appetite, Headache, Depression, Indigestion and Constipation, Biliousness, a Sallow Face, Dull Eyes, and a Blotched Skin, are among the symptoms which indicate that the Liver is crying for aid.

Ayer's Pills

will stimulate the Liver to proper action, and correct all these troubles. One or more of these Pills should be taken daily, until health is fully established. Thousands testify to their great merit.

No family can afford to be without AYER'S PILLS.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists.

LOCAL NOTICES.

Go
While
Bertsch's stock is fresh
Every body says the best.
Ready made he does not sell,
Ties, collars, cuffs he does excel;
Shirts, suspenders, nice and neat—
Call and examine his stock complete.
His prices are such that all can meet.

Do you know that J. C. Leidy & Co., have an entire new stock of all kinds of shoes which they are selling very cheap.

Just received a large stock of oval churns at Kinport & Bro's.

Large stock of Mackerel at Kinports & Bro's, sold at bottom prices.

Best prints 6c a yard with a full line of muslins, shirtings, tickings and all other domestic goods at lowest prices at Clark & Son's.

A well selected stock of fine and nobby furnishing goods continually kept on hand at Bertsch's.

Do you know that you can get the cheapest and best carpets, oil-cloths, rugs &c., at the down town carpet store of J. C. Leidy & Co.

Down with high prices! Everybody knows Gross, the N. Y. Clothier, is underselling all competition.

See I. W. Hartman & Son's new line of table linens 16 pieces 25c up.

Misses' and children's shoes, all sizes and styles, at Dentler's.

Bertsch is the man upon whom you can depend for a nobby suit and a good fit.

See the new styles of seersuckers at I. W. Hartman & Son's.

Now open a large line of hosiery for ladies and childrens, gloves, laces, ribbons, ties, fishues new style corsets, hoops, bustles, underwear, buttons, ornaments, at Clark & Son's.

Evans & Eyer have secured the services of a first-class cutter at their clothing store, corner of Main & Iron Sts.

500 pairs ladies misses and childrens stockings at I. W. Hartman & Son's.

More of those nice white dress goods and embroideries at Clark & Son's

If you want to buy dress silks of any kind either black, colored or summer silks go to Clark & Son's; prices as low as any in the state; large stock.

Green truck at Kinports & Bro's every Thursday and Friday mornings.

Columbian chevoits for shirts reduced to 10c at I. W. Hartman & Son's.

Have you seen our new cheap towels and table linens at Clark & Son's.

For dress silks, dress cloths or dress goods of any kind go to Lutz & Sloan's

If you wish to travel buy your trunk of Gross' N. Y. Store.

A fine lot of straw hats just received by Evans & Eyer.

More white goods and embroideries at Lutz & Sloan's this week.

New dry goods at J. B. Skeer's.

Clothing! Clothing!! Clothing!! the best and cheapest line of spring and summer suits, for men and boys, can always be found at Gross' N. Y. Store, Bloomsburg

TOWN LOTS FOR SALE.

25 lots ranging from $325 to $400 per lot, 4 lots ranging from $500 to $600 per lot. All south of the Normal School. No money required provided the purchaser will erect buildings at once.
may 11-tf C. W. NEAL.

Gauze underwear for ladies, gents and children at Lutz & Sloan's

Gents' shoes of the latest design at Dentler's popular shoe store, Main street, below Exchange Hotel.

Do you know you can get a better carpet for the same money at J. C. Leidy and Co's than can be bought any place in the county.

$50 reward paid to any person or persons who can buy as good an overall for 35 cents at any other place as at Gross' N. Y. store, Bloomsburg.

See Lutz & Sloan's large stock of hosiery and gloves.

Fine groceries, notions, canned goods, at J. B. Skeer's.

C. C. Marr wants side shoulder & ham and will trade splendid mackerel.

F. D. Dentler's stock of boots and shoes for the Spring trade is now in store and comprises all the best makes of the leading houses in the trade.

Pictures, frames, window cornices, at Cadman's.

C. C. Marr has the handsomest and cheapest ginghams and seersuckers in town.

At Dentler's you will find ladies' shoes in all widths and the best makes and styles ever offered the trade.

A full line of ready-made clothing, gents' furnishing goods, valises, &c., at Evans & Eyer's.

For good cheap furniture, go to Cadman's.

For a plough shoe of the best make and lowest price go to Dentler's.

C. C. Marr has splendid sugars, syrups, coffee and teas try them.

Nobby suits made to order at Evans & Eyer's, by first-class workmen. Prices very reasonable.

Elegant parlor suits, chamber sets, and all kinds of furniture at Cadman's

C. C. Marr keeps Bowman's flour the best in the market.

NOTICE TO FARMERS.

I would call your attention to the following implements for sale by the undersigned: Kemp's patent manure spreader, Remington & Son's carbon metal plows, Advance chilled plows, Gale chilled plows, sulky plows, Cornell corn shellers, Centennial fanning mills, separators and powers, one and two-horse corn planters with fertilizer arrangement, Deere & Co's. walking and riding corn cultivators, Buckeye walking and riding corn cultivators, Iron Age and Planet Junior one-horse cultivators with plow attachments, Walter A. Wood's reapers, mowers and self-binders, Warrior mowers and Bramer reapers, Tiger, Leader and Monitor hay rakes, Triumph and Monarch fertilizer grain drills, hay tedders and hay carriers, spring tooth drag harrows, spring tooth harrows on wheels, drag and smoothing harrows, chopping mills that will chop 10 bushels an hour with two horses, Baldwin's hay and stalk cutters, (hand and power,) C. & G. Cooper & Co's. steam engines and saw mills, brick moulding machines. Also Lister Bros' best bone fertilizers in the market. All goods sold at the lowest prices, and if not proven satisfactory can be returned.
S. C. SHIVE,
4-13 Bloomsburg.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

When your wife's health is bad, when your children are sickly, when you feel worn out, use Brown's Iron Bitters.

Wolfesville, N. C.—Dr. I. C. McLaughlin says: "I used Brown's Iron Bitters for vertigo and I now feel like a new man."

Elkton, Ky.—Dr. E. B. Weathers says: "I regard Brown's Iron Bitters as a medicine of unusual worth."

DOCTORS AND CHURCHES.

The doctors of New York city, hundreds of whom have personally visited Speer's Vineyards during the wine making season say his Port Grape Wine has proved to be pure, unadulterated, of a fine flavor and tonic properties and is unsurpassed for its restorative powers, and they prescribe it as a very superior wine. The principal churches in New York and Brooklyn use it for communion. For sale by C. A. Klein.

Lydia E. Pinkham, whose benevolent face is shadowed in almost every paper we pick up, appears to have discovered what Addison calls "The grand elixir, to support the spirits of human nature." It is quite evident that she has the patent and has secured the contract for making over and improving the invalid corps of American Womanhood.—*Globe.*

ONE SUFFERING SOUL HAPPY.

"If I can send one suffering soul to you," writes James Corbin, of Washburn, Ill., "I will be happy. *Samaritan Nervine* cured me, and will cure all cases of fits." $1.50.

"Fools take to themselves the respect given to their office." But Kidney-Wort commands respect for its own solid merits tested, tried and found not wanting in any essential principle required for the cure of dyspepsia, piles, malaria, and all diseases of the kidneys, bowels and liver. Prepared in dry and liquid form.

The scarlet, cardinal red, old gold, navy blue, seal brown, Diamond Dyes give perfect results. Any fashionable color, 10 cents.

By land or at sea, out on the prairie, or in the crowded city, Ayer's Cathartic Pills are the best for purgative purposes, everywhere alike convenient, efficacious, and safe. For sluggish bowels, torpid liver, indigestion, bad breath, flatulency, and sick headache, they are a sure remedy.

CONCORD GRAPE VINES.

Fine, vigorous Vines, Two, three and Four Years' Old, for sale by the dozen or thousand at the lowest prices.
These Vines are raised on the famous Mt. Prospect Vineyards, at Passaic, N. J., where the well-known Port Grape Wine is produced that is so highly esteemed at Dresden and Berlin, and other European Cities to which it is shipped, and that is so highly esteemed by physicians everywhere.
Address, ALFRED SPEER,
Jan. 26, '83-3m. Passaic, N. J.

MARKET REPORTS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKET.

Wheat per bushel	$1 05
Rye "	.80
Corn, "	.60
Oats " "	.45
Flour per barrel	5.50
Cloverseed	
Butter	.32
Eggs	.15
Tallow	.08
Potatoes	.50
Dried Apples	.05
Hams	14
Sides & Shoulders	11
Chickens	10
Turkeys	.12
Lard per pound	14
Hay per ton	12 0
Beeswax	25
Buckwheat flower per 100	3.00

John Wanamaker

starts the May and June Sales with the unheard-of aggregate stock of Two and a Half Millions

$2,500,000,

and nowhere in the United States is there so large a stock at retail to which City and Country People have access alike, with prices marked plainly, so that

All pay the same

at John Wanamaker's.

The certainty that besides numerous bargains daily spread on the counters the Big Store is now known to fix the Market Prices of all the things dealt in, settles conclusively that it is the BEST PLACE FOR STRANGERS to deal.

Those who do not care to stop over night at a hotel, can check bags, coats, umbrellas and packages a the store door, and can get lunch in the building.

The few items below show how things are going just now.

Send postal card for samples.

From one of the largest and best Paris houses we have some splendid lots of Dress Goods, all told about two hundred full pieces, that were not ready for delivery until long after the time, and on account thereof were reduced twenty-five per cent. all around.

This makes some famous bargains:

A 41-inch All-wool Illuminated Beige, 45c.
A 43-inch All-wool Crepe Beige, 50c. Far under value.
A 45-inch Cashmere Beige, 60c. Far under value.
A 42-inch All-wool Check, 50c. Far under value.
A 42-inch All-wool Albatross, 60c. Far under value.
A 41-inch All-wool Albatross, 75c. Far under value.

The following lots are very desirable:

A 40-inch All-wool French Shooda, 50c.
A 42-inch All-wool French Shooda, 75c.
A 42-inch All-wool Pin's Head Check, 60c.
A 31-inch Nun's Veiling [creams], 35c.

The steady increase of our Dress Goods Department must be owing to the constant watch to keep our prices the lowest. We could not afford to cut off dress patterns and take them back, as our rules compel, when others sold at lower rates, so we are on the alert all the time to protect ourselves by marking the lowest figures going.

A magnificent lot of newly imported Lyons Black Grenadines, warranted all silk. The designs are rich and beautiful. Two qualities, $1.25 and $1.50, which is said to be less than half the cost of importation. Before the goods reached the counters twenty dresses were sold by the sample piece that customers saw in passing. We have some other black goods at half price.

Linen Sheetings, 2¼ yards wide, value 90c., now 65c.; value $1.00, now 75c.; value $1.20, now 85c.
45-inch Pillow Linen, 37½c.
54-inch Pillow Linen, 50c.
40-inch Butcher's Linen, 22c
4-4 Drawer Linen, 18, 22, 25, 28, and 31c.
Fine Cream Damask, $1.25; reduced to $1.
Table Cloths, 2¼x2¼, 2¼x3, 2¼x4½, 2 1-2x5 yards.
A Towel, 22x43 inches, weigh half a pound, 25c.
A Damask Towel, 23x48 inches, good and heavy, price now at first hands, 37 1-2c.; our price, 31c.

Ladies' English Solid-color Brilliant Lisle Hose, 50c.
Ladies' Colored Hose, 12 1-2c. hitherto 25c.
Ladies' Long Balbriggan, French foot, 20c., hitherto 31c.
Ladies' Fancy Hose, a fifty cent quality for 25c.
Men's full regular made, (German) Brown mixed, 12 1-2c.
Men's English Striped, full regular made, 18c.
Children's full regular made, at 15, 20, 30, 35c., worth double.

The Madras, Nottingham, Antique, and Tamboured Curtains are in usual abundance.
Furniture Coverings begin at 12 1-2c. a yard, and some of our Cretonne are the cheapest we ever had.
Handsome Antique Curtains, $3.50 per pair.

Four styles Gentlemen's suspenders, made in our workrooms at Oak Hall, 15, 25, 40 and 50c.
Balbriggan Underwear, 37 1-2c.; used to be 50c. Good night shirt, 75c.

Some lots of Buttons and Dress Trimmings at nominal prices as long as they last. New importations of Paris buttons open.

Children's and Misses' Trimmed Hats, ready to put on, for $1.50, $1.75 and $2, and upwards. These come from our own work rooms.
Ladies' Rough-and-Ready Bonnets and Hats, all colors and black, for 25c.
173 dozen sprays of fine flowers at 25c a spray, for millinery and corsage. These are about half price.
There is a new counter for 9 and 12c, Satin and Gros Grain Ribbons, of which we have all colors.

The new Waukenphast shoe is about the best thing yet that has been done for men, if comfort for the feet is considered. Only first-class workmen can make them, and, as yet, we have not been able to make sufficient quantities to get the price lower than $7; but this is a dollar less than, we are told, is asked elsewhere.

15-yard lengths of summer silks, 35 to 65c.
Glace Changeable silks, 65c.
New India silks, black grounds, small white figures, very hand-some, at $1.50.
A fair black silk is going now for 75c, and quite a good one for a dollar.
If you will pay $1.50, we have a quality of the Bellon make that we recommend, and will ask you to recommend after wearing it.

20-inch black Satin Parasol, lined in various colors, ten gilt ribs, hand-some natural stick, spanish lace trimmed. Price $3.

JOHN WANAMAKER,

Chestnut Street, Thirteenth and Market Streets,

PHILADELPHIA.

C. C. GALIGNAN,

PRACTICAL TIN ROOFER,

OPERA HOUSE,

BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.

C. B. ROBBINS,

DEALER IN

Foreign and Domestic

WINES AND LIQUORS,

AND JOBBER IN CIGARS.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

$173.75 for a SQUARE or UPRIGHT ROSEWOOD PIANOFORTE, with Stool, Book and Music. Only $30 for an Eight Stop, sub-bass and Octave-Coupler ORGAN. Chapel Organs $65, Pipe Organs $94. OTHER BARGAINS fully described in Illustrated Catalogue which is sent FREE with full particulars. VISITORS ARE ALWAYS WELCOME. Address or call upon DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, New Jersey.

Rupture

Relieved and cured by Dr. J. A. SHERMAN'S method without regard to age or duration of the affliction, or the injury trusses inflict, or hindrance from labor, and security from strangulation—of which, according to statistics, not less than 30, 00 died during the past year. No one is safe who has a rupture and depends upon a truss; both are a physical and mental tax; bring on kidney, bladder and other organic diseases, which affect general health more than age or labor, besides affording manhood and destroying all incentives to social pleasure. Patients from abroad can receive treatment and leave for home same day. Dr. Sherman's book, with photographic likeness of bad cases, before and after cure, and indorsements by Physicians, Merchants, Farmers and others who have been cured, mailed for 10c. Send for it and inform yourself. Principal office, 251 Broadway, N. Y.; days of consultation each week, Mondays, Tuesdays and Saturdays.
d may 4-4w

Cultivating Celery.

Celery is one of the most agreeable an wholesome plants grown in the garden. It is generally claimed that it has a quieting effect on the nervous system, and celery boiled in milk is recommended as a remedy for rheumatism. At any rate, celery is a good thing to have in the house, and every farmer should make it a point to have a good bed of it. *The American Agriculturist* has the following suggestion in regard to its cultivation:

"The old method of setting celery at the bottom of a trench is still occasionally followed, either by gardners who have done this in the old country, or by our own people who have not learned the better way of planting it on the surface. Celery is one of the plants with which little is gained by hurrying; it will not grow rapidly until after midsummer, when we have the favoring condition of warm days and cool, dewy nights, and our most experienced gardeners do not set out the main crop until the next month. Market gardeners grow celery as a second crop, to follow an early one, for which the soil has been well manured; if this cannot ba done, then the soil must be well enriched before planting. It rarely pays to raise celery plants in a private garden, if one is where they can be purchased. In buying plants select those that look strong and stocky, a condition procured by proper cutting back their leaves while in the seed bed. The plants are to be set in the rows, four feet apart, and six inches distant in the rows; they require careful planting, and should be no deeper in the ground than they were originally in the seed bed. In all transplanting, it is important to have the earth closely in contact with the roots of the newly set plant; this may be done going along the row and pressing on each side of the plant with the foot, or by carefully crowding the earth down with the hands as each plant is set. If a cloudy time cannot be selected for planting, then do the work towards evening, and give a thorough watering. The plants have nothing further done to them until September, when the leaves are brought to an upright position, and the earth is drawn around to hold them there. In the meantime the celery has nothing to do but to grow, in which it must be encouraged by hoeing or cultivating often enough to destroy all weeds and keep the soil loose, taking care in these operations to not throw any dirt into the heart of the plants.

Devon Cows for Butter.

We have been looking over reports of what Devon cows have just been doing in the butter line among us, and find that nineteen of the cows have been producing from 15 to 20 lbs. 5 oz. each of best quality of butter per week. Considering their medium size and economy of keep, these are great yields; but in years gone by, there are records of still larger yields, nearly equalling those of the most famous Jerseys of the present day. The Devons, however, not only excel in the dairy, but in several other respects. They are very superior working oxen, have a quicker step and greater endurance than any other breed, and are the most powerful of all for their size. When fattened, they turn out a choice quality of beef. Thus we see that they are a most excellnt *general purpose* breed—good in the dairy, for work, and for the shambles. The only other cattle that can be compared to them in uniting so many superior qualities are the Red Polled Norfolk and Suffolk, which, in fact, are hornless Devons.

The Devons have been much neglected by the public for twenty years or so past, both in England and in America; but attention is now awakening to their great merits, and we have no doubt they will soon come into as high favor again as formerly; for, aside from their Polled congeners, no cattle are so profitably bred and raised on light pastures, and hilly, rocky districts.

At a public sale of eighty-six lots of Devons the past year in England, they averaged $180 each. One cow of these sold for $625, and a bull for $875, while a calf brought 50 guineas ($250). These are about 25 per cent. higher prices than the average of any herd of either Guernsey, Jersey, or Ayrshire cattle sold for in England in the year 1882. We can learn from this the appreciation of Devons in their own native land.—*American Agriculturist for May.*

Feed the Crow and Save the Corn.

The only complaint that farmers ever had to urge against the crow was, that it would pull up the young corn-sprouts just after they make their appearance above ground. While we freely admit that it is guilty of this pilfering, it still, with the ordinary protection we can give the cornfield for two weeks, does the farmer a deal—yea, five times—more good than harm in the destruction of the myriads of injurious insects which we must give it credit for. But there is a way—a very cheap and simple way—by which this useful bird upon the farm can be befriended, and at the same time we can be protecting the cornfield against its depredations. It must be remembered that the crow never eats grain of any kind *without being soaked or made soft*, and this is the reason why it pulls up the young corn sprouts to get at the pulpy grain adhering to the root. Well, this fact being remembered, we will soak half a peck of seed corn in water for twenty-four hours, or until it becomes quite soft, *and scatter it over the adjoining fields*, where it will be found by our black friends; and repeating this once or twice, or as often as may be necessary, we will find that the planted corn will be wholly undisturbed This will require a very small amount of labor and an expense of perhaps not over half a dollar, while at the same time it will save other and more troublesome and costly arrangements for protecting the cornfield, preserve a valuable insect destroyer, and secure to us the companionship of a wary, glossy, useful, domestic bird, one of the most pleasing and desirable members of the winged fauna of the country.

The First Elephant.

A correspondent writes: "The first elephant on exhibition in New England, and said to have been the first in the United States, was killed at Alfred, Me., in the year 1827, about one mile west from the village, in a piece of woods near the Round Pond, so called, on the road leading to Dover, N. H. A man by the name of davis had an altercation with the proprietor of the menagerie the day previous, while on exhibition at Alfred, and sought revenge by shooting the elephant. The affair caused a great sensation at the time throughout New England. The locality is known and pointed out to this day as the spot 'where the elephant was killed.'"

Cultivation of Orchards.

Cultivation is very beneficial to young orchards A young orchard set in grass land and left to take care of itself, will make very slow growth, if indeed a large part of the trees do not fail to grow, and, after a few years die, as is generally the case. Before setting a young orchard, the soil should be brought into a fine, rich condition by cultivation and fertilization. The trees should then be carefully set, and the soil kept well cultivated and frequently fertilized for several years, or until the trees have attained a size of three or four inches in diameter at the butt Then, if desirable, the land may be seeded to grass and pastured with sheep, being top dressed occasionly whenever the trees are found not to be growing as fast as they should. The terminal branches of thrifty growing trees should make an annual growth of from eight to twelve inches. If they make only three or four inches growth each year, the trees evidently need fertilizing The trees must be kept thriftily growing from the time they are set until they come into full bearing, and in order to keep them thus growing it is necessary to cultivate and fertilize them for several years after they are first set. Col. Marshall P. Wilder, a good authority upon matters pertaining to fruit growing, once said in a discussion before the Massachusetts Board of Agriculture: "In a word, until orchards are ten or more years of age, no crop except vegetables should be permitted to occupy the ground; and then if grass is grown, the land must be regularly manured, so as to sustain both crops without injury to either, if such a thing be possible."—*N. E. Farmer.*

A New Way to Keep Apples.

Dr. Hexamer says that some years ago, when he had more apples than he could store, he hired a cellar of a neighbor, and put in several hundred barrels. When he came to take them out he found water in the cellar three or four feet deep, and concluded they were a dead loss till he examined them. Some weeks afterward he found them in an excellent condition, better than those which the water had not reached. The result was ascribed to the low temperature and exclusion of air, to which we would add a uniform degree of cold, and freedom from the fluctuations caused by air currents. We suppose the water was near or at the freezing point. An objection to this mode of keeping apples is the difficulty of putting it into practice to any extent.—*Country Gentleman.*

The *Country Gentleman*, in response to a request from a correspondent for a cure for horses which have contracted the habit of pulling at the halter, says: "Take a sufficiently long piece of half inch rope. Put the centre of it under the tail like a crupper, cross the rope on the back and tie the two ends together in front of the beast snugly so that their is no slack, other wise it would drop down on the tail. Put an ordinary halter strap or rope through a ring in the manger or in front of the stall and tie it fast in the rope on the front of the breast; then slap his face and let him fly back. He will not choke or need telling to stop pulling back. Let him wear it awhile, and twice or thrice daily scare him back as suddenly and forcibly as possible. After one or two trials you will see that he cannot be induced to pull back."

KALSOMINE.—Eight pounds of whiting and one quarter of a pound of white glue make the right proportion. Soak the glue over night in cold water, and in the morning heat till it is perfectly dissolved. Mix the whiting with hot water, stir the two thoroughly together, and have the wash the consistency of thick cream. Apply warm with a kalsomine brush, brushing it well in and finishing it as you go on. If warm skim milk is used instead of water, the glue may be admitted. Before the wash is applied all holes and crevices should be stopped with plaster of Paris mixed with water. Colors to tint the walls may be procured at any paint store. If zinc white is used instead of whiting, it will last for years. The first expense is more, but the investment pays. Use first a sizing of white glue.

TO WASH HAIR BRUSHES.—It is best to clean two at a time, in this way: First comb them well to remove the loose hair or dust, then dip bristles only in very warm water, sprinkle each brush with plenty of powdered borax and rub the two together; after they are thoroughly cleansed have a pitcher of hot water and pour it over the bristles. Keep the back of the brushes as dry as possible. Shake the water well out and dry quickly in the sun. Brushes washed in this way will retain their stiffness.

CEMENT.—Litharge and glycerine mixed together to the consistency of thick cream or putty is a valuable cement for mending stone jars, for aquarium purposes, for stopping leaks in seams of tin pans or wash boilers, to fasten on lamp tops, tighten loose joints of wood or iron, loose boxes in wagon hubs, and for a great many other things. The article should not be used until the cement has hardened, which will require from one day to a week, according to the quantity used. This cement will resist the action of water, cold or hot, of acids, and of almost any degree of heat.

A funny story is told of the wife of one of the most noted Admirals of the country. The lady is a society woman, and she prides herself on her remembrance of people. She always endeavors to make herself agreeable, and is as pleasant to strangers as though she had known them for years. A year ago meeting Commodore Blank at a dinner table, she said, "Why, my dear Commodore, I am so glad to see you! How is your wife?"

"She is dead, madam," was the blunt reply.

Of course the Admiral's wife apologized for not knowing what should have been a well-known fact—and a fact which she had in reality heard but had forgotten.

The other day this same lady met the same Commodore at a party. She was apparently delighted to see him, and, in the start of their conversation, she said: "Now, Commodore, I want you to tell me, how is your dear wife?"

She was thrown into surprise and consternation by the reply, "Madam, she is still dead."

COFFEE FOR PLANTS.—A lady of San Francisco lately received some plants from Mexico, and with the plants came the advice to fertilize them with waste coffee and coffee grounds. This was done, and the results were so satisfactory that the same treatment was tried on roses, and the result was a healthy and vigorous growth and more and better flowers and of richer colors.

Cures for Sleeplessness.

There is a form of wakefulness which is a somewhat frequent experience with persons engaged in active work. A man who has been busily engaged during the day in his usual avocation retires, let us say, at about 10 or 11 o'clock, feeling quite sleepy. After a period of slumber, perhaps of two or three hours, he finds himself wide awake at about 2 o'clock in the morning. There is nothing particularly burdensome on his mind: no mental anxieties perplex, no physical pains disturb him. His only annoyance is the consciousness that a hard day's work is before him, and that his busy brain ought to be at rest. After tossing about for an hour or more in vain attempts to court sleep, he drops off toward morning into disturbed and broken slumber, and rises at the usual hour with a sense of having been defrauded by nature of one of his rights. So long as this is a rare or occasional experience it need not attract attention. When, however, it becomes habitual, when sleep is regularly broken by periods of wakefulness more or less prolonged, and especially when these periods come to be accompanied by anxieties and worrying, the symptom is more grave. It may betoken serious impairment of the nervous system if allowed to continue.

What may be done by the person himself, on awakening during the night, in order to again induce sleep? The expedients at our disposal it must be admitted, are exceedingly variable in their efficacy, but most of them are worth trying. A sense of drowsiness is sometimes easily induced by getting up and standing by the bedside until one feels almost chilly and the bed is cold. Another expedient is to wash the head, neck and upper part of the body in cold water—a lower temperature of the skin inducing probably a more active circulation of the blood to the surface and away from the nervous centers. I have found a bit of dry bread thoroughly masticated and eaten at this time to act almost like a charm in some cases by drawing blood from brain to stomach, and thus securing sleep. Anything which serves to detract attention from one's self and surroundings may occasionally avail—such as saying the alphabet, counting one's respirations, repeating the multiplication table and a multitude of similar expedients. An ancient monkish receipt for wakefulness was to "count your beads." It is a good advice yet. There are no better aids to repose than a good conscience and a mind at peace. —*Laws of Life.*

HONESTY REWARDED.—The huntsman of a well-known English pack returned home lately by rail in a third class carriage in which were already five men, and, as he entered, seeing a parcel of thin papers on the floor under the seat, he picked them up. Looking at them and then at his companions, he asked if any gentleman had lost a bundle of papers. Each man said "No," and the huntsman handed the bundle to the station master, saying, "As they seem to be bank notes, I had better leave them with you." The men agreed that he done right; but after a time, one began to feel his pockets, and with many imprecations on his stupidity announced that he had lost a bundle of notes received that day at market. A discussion ensued as to what was to be done, and it was agreed that the best thing was for the owner to get out at the next station, take a hack and go back as hard as he could. As the victim hurried off, the huntsman laughed a quiet laugh, and said. "I thought there would be one rogue out of six men. It was a bundle of play bills."

Jefferson Davis' estate of 500 acres at Beauvior, Miss., is now mainly devoted to grapes and oranges. He told a recent caller that the neighborhood was equal to anything in Florida in natural advantages for winter resort. He mentioned several points on Mississippi sound as affording rare chances for capitalists to make money by erecting hotels. They get the benefit of southwest winds that almost continuously float over the water," he said, "and back of them are thousands of acres of pine forests, the odors from which are strengthening to weak lungs. The fishing is excellent, the bayous swarm with geese, duck, and brant, and the forests would yield to the sportsman's skill plenty of wild turkey, quail, and deer." Mr. Davis thinks that, considering the circumstances, Mississippi is doing very well in the way of progress. She produces more cotton than any other State, she has cotton and other mills employing about 10,000 hands and $7,000,000 in capital, her free schools number 5,000, and in every way way she is getting wide awake.

At rare intervals those peculiar people that give way to a weakness for surprise parties receive their just rewards. When these phenomena occur it is the surprise party that is surprised. In Tohickon, Bucks county, a few days ago, a score of these people received a surprise that will last them until a new minister moves into the neighborhood and gives them a chance for another exhibition of their mild form of insanity. While indulging in a banquet at the expense of a meek and inoffensive neighbor recently, these people fell through the floor into the cellar, carrying with them stoves, banqueting tables, furniture, a piano and two hat racks. It is expected that some of them will recover from their injuries in time to give another surprise party to pay for the damages.

A most beautiful and fragrant growth for a window may be obtained by soaking a sea-sponge in warm water and sowing in its cells the seeds of umbrageous grasses and wild flowers, with here and there the delicate fern and creeping wild berry, known as the mocking strawberry. The hanging may be done by a gilded rod or ornamental cords. The sponge may be kept moist and distended by daily sprinkling with blood-warm water. The sponge thus treated is much lighter, prettier and more surely verdant than any other spring basket.—*National Farmer.*

A Warning to Pensioners.

The Commissioner of Pensions has issued a circular warning pensioners and applicants for pensions that unscrupulous persons are traveling throughout the country claiming that they are authorized to represent the Commissioner of Pensions. No special examiner or other person employed by the Pension Office is authorized to receive money, either as fee or expenses, and all examiners are provided with certificates bearing the signature of the Commissioner of Pensions and the Secretary of the Interior.

PENSIONS FOR SOLDIERS ON any disease, wound, or injury. Address, E. SCHALL, Court House, Norristown, Pa. may 11-4W r

Advertising Cheats!!

"It has become so common to write the beginning of an article, in an elegant, interesting manner,

"Then run it into some advertisement that we would avoid all such,

"And simply call attention to the merits of Hop Bitters in as plain, honest terms as possible.

"To induce people

"To give them one trial, which so proves their value that they will never use anything else."

"THE REMEDY so favorably noticed in all the papers,

"Religious and secular, is

"Having a large sale, and is supplanting all other medicines.

"There is no denying the virtues of the Hop plant, and the proprietors of Hop Bitters have shown great shrewdness

"And ability

"In compounding a medicine whose virtues are so palpable to every one's observation.

Did She Die?

"No!

"She lingered and suffered along, pining away all the time for years,"

"The doctors doing her no good;"

"And at last was cured by this Hop Bitters the papers say so much about."

"Indeed! Indeed!"

"How thankful we should be for that medicine."

A Daughter's Misery.

"Eleven years our daughter suffered on a bed of misery,

"From a complication of kidney, liver, rheumatic trouble and Nervous debility,

Under the care of the best physicians,

"Who gave her disease various names,

"But no relief.

"And now she is restored to us in good health by as simple a remedy as Hop Bitters, that we had shunned for years before using it." —THE PARENTS.

Father is Getting Well.

"My daughters say:

"How much better father is since he used Hop Bitters."

"He is getting well after his long suffering from a disease declared incurable"

"And we are so glad that he used your Bitters." —A Lady of Utica, N. Y.

KIDNEY-WORT
IS A SURE CURE
for all diseases of the Kidneys and
—LIVER—
It has specific action on this most important organ, enabling it to throw off torpidity and inertness, stimulating the healthy secretion of the bile, and by keeping the bowels in free condition, effecting its regular discharge.
Malaria. If you are suffering from malaria, have the chills, are bilious, dyspeptic, constipated, Kidney-Wort will surely relieve and quickly cure.
In the Spring to cleanse the system, every one should take a thorough course of it.
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. Price $1.
KIDNEY-WORT

SPEER'S
PORT GRAPE WINE.
Used in the principal Churches for Communion purposes!
Excellent for Ladies and Weakly Persons and the Aged.

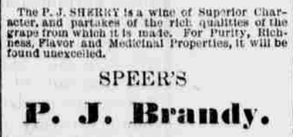
EXCELLENT FOR FEMALES AND WEAKLY PERSONS.

Speer's Port Grape Wine!
FOUR YEARS OLD.
THIS CELEBRATED NATIVE WINE is made from the juice of the Oporto Grape, raised in this country, its invaluable
Tonic and Strengthening Properties
are unsurpassed by any other Native Wine. Being the pure juice of the Grape, produced under Mr. Speer's own personal supervision, its purity and genuineness, are guaranteed. The youngest child may partake of its generous qualities, and the weakest invalid use it to advantage. It is particularly beneficial to the aged and debilitated, and suited to the various ailments that affect the weaker sex. It is in every respect A WINE TO BE RELIED ON.

SPEER'S
P. J. Sherry.
The P. J. SHERRY is a wine of Superior Character, and partakes of the rich qualities of the grape from which it is made. For Purity, Richness, Flavor and Medicinal Properties, it will be found unexcelled.

SPEER'S
P. J. Brandy.
This BRANDY stands unrivalled in this Country being far superior for medicinal purposes.
IT IS PURE distillation from the grape, and contains valuable medicinal properties.
It has a delicate flavor, similar to that of the grapes, from which it is distilled, and is in great favor among first-class families.
See that the signature of ALFRED SPEER, Passaic N. J., is over the cork of each bottle.
SOLD BY C. A. KLEIM.
AND BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.
Sept. 22, '82, 1-y

SAMARITAN
NEVER FAILS.
NERVINE
THE GREAT
NERVE CONQUEROR
The only known *specific* for Epileptic Fits.
Also for Spasms and Failing Sickness.
Nervous Weakness quickly relieved and cured. Equalled by none in delirium of fever.
Neutralizes germs of disease and sickness.
Cures ugly blotches and stubborn blood sores. Cleanses blood, quickens sluggish circulation. Eliminates Boils, Carbuncles and Scalds.
Permanently and promptly cures paralysis. Yes, It is a charming and healthful Aperient. Kills Scrofula and Kings Evil, twin brothers. Changes bad breath to good, removing cause.
Routs biliousness and clears complexion. Charming resolvent and matchless laxative.
It drives Sick Headache like the wind.
Contains no drastic cathartic or opiates. Promptly cures Rheumatism by routing it.
Restores life-giving properties to the blood.
Is guaranteed to cure all nervous disorders.
Reliable when all opiates fail.
Refreshes the mind and invigorates the body. Cures dyspepsia or money refunded.
Endorsed in writing by over fifty thousand Leading physicians in U. S. and Europe.
Leading clergymen in U. S. and Europe.
Diseases of the blood own it a conqueror.
For sale by all leading druggists. $1.50.
The Dr. S. A. Richmond Medical Co., Props., St. Joseph, Mo. (2)
Chas. N. Crittenton, Agent, New York City.



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may 11-4W r

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Decided opinions expressed in language that can be understood; the prompt est, fullest and most accurate intelligence of whatever in the wide world is worth attention. That is what everybody is sure to find in any edition of THE SUN. Subscription: Daily, 4 pages, by mail 55 cts. a month, or $6.50 a year; Sunday (8 pages), $1.20 per year; Weekly (8 pages), $1 per year.
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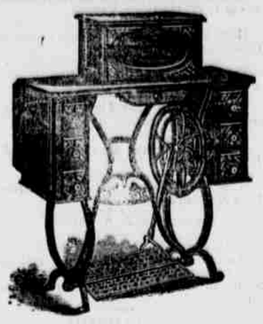
may 11-4W r

J. SALTZER'S
General Sewing Machine Depot,
Fifth Store Below Market St,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.



Celebrated White Sewing Machine,
New Davis Vertical Feed Sewing Machine,
New Home Sewing Machine,
Household Sewing Machine,
Estey Sewing Machine,
Genuine Singer Sewing Machine,
Singer Pattern Sewing Machine,
Attachments, best Sewing Machine Oil, and Needles for all sewing machines. Sewing Machines sold on monthly payments. Liberal discount made for cash. Every machine purchased from me is warrantedtobe kept in good running order for five years free of charge, and thorough instructions given by the best lady operator in this part of the state free of charge. Examine my stock of machines before purchasing.

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Newand graphic Pictorial History of the great Sea fights of the World. By Medical Director SHIPPEN, U. S. N. Address J. C. McCURDY & CO., 632 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.
June 30-1y a4d

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ALWAYS ON HAND
AT THIS OFFICE.

"THE BEST IS CHEAPEST."
ENGINES, THRESHERS SAW-MILLS, Horse Powers Clover Huskers
(Sulted to all sections.) Write for FREE Illus. Pamphlet and Prices to The Aultman & Taylor Co., Mansfield, Ohio.
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MAKE HENS LAY
An English Veterinary Surgeon and Chemist, now traveling in this country, says that most of the Horse and Cattle Powders sold here are worthless trash. He says that Sheridan's Condition Powders are a pure, fine and unsurpassably valuable. Nothing on earth will make hens lay like Sheridan's Condition Powders. Dose, 1 teaspoonful to 1 pint food. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for 8 letter-stamps. L. S. JOHNSON & Co., BOSTON, MASS. a1 Jan 26 '83-1y.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS
FOR THE
LIVER
And all Bilious Complaints.
Safe to take, being purely vegetable; no griping. Price 25 cents. All Druggists.
May 18-4W

PARSONS'
Purgative
PILLS
MAKE NEW RICH BLOOD,
And will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any person who will take one pill each night from one to twelve weeks, may be restored to sound health, if such a thing is possible. For curing Female Complaints these Pills have no equal. Physicians use them in their practice. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for 25 cents in stamps. Send for pamphlet. I. S. JOHNSON & CO, Boston, Mass. apr 18
A1d-7 mos.

REST not, life is sweeping by, go and dare before you die something mighty and sublime leave behind to conquer time. $66 a week you owe town. $5 outfit free. No risk. Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. Many are making fortunes. Ladies make as much as men, and boys and girls make great pay. Reader, if you want business at which you can make great pay all the time, write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine D & S, '82-1y.

YOUNG MEN and WOMEN
desiring lucrative positions should learn Telegraphy. Vacancies for a limited number. Address, with stamp, SUPT. TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE, Broad and Chestnut Streets, Philadelphia. d apr 20-4W

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June 30-1y a1d

ON 30 DAYS' TRIAL.
THE VOLTAIC BELT CO., Marshall, Mich., will send DR. DYE'S CELEBRATED ELECTRO-VOLTAIC BELTS and ELECTRIC APPLIANCES on trial for 30 days to men (young or old) who are afflicted with Nervous Debility, Lost Vitality, and kindred troubles, guaranteeing speedy and complete restoration of health and manly vigor. Address as above.—N. B.—No Risk incurred, as 30 days' trial is allowed.
Feb. 9th—1yr r

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"LIFE ON THE MISSISSIPPI,"
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Ready To Do The Right
THING WITH YOU!

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Excellence of Material
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Unrivalled Stock of Spring Clothing
Manufactured Expressly for me.
We guarantee Style, Quality, and Workmanship, to be the BEST.
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THE LATEST AND NEWEST SPRING STYLES OF HATS,
Just Received, at
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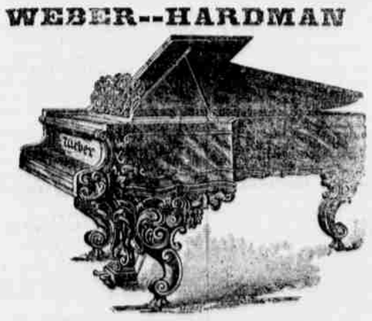

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FINE INLAID FRENCH WALNUT CASE ORGAN, 9 STOPS, $90 CASH.
Easy Terms. Satisfaction Guaranteed.
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$72 A week made at home by the industrious. Best business now before the public. Capital not needed. We will start you. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. You can work in spare time, or give your whole time to the business. No other business will pay you nearly as well. No one can fail to make enormous pay by engaging at once. Costly outfit and terms free. Money made fast, easily, and honorably. Address TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine. Dec. 6, '82-1y.

PURE INDIA TEAS
From the Districts of ASSAM, CHITTAGONG, CACHAR KANGRA VALLEY, DARJEELING DEHRA DOON, and others, absolutely pure, superior in flavor. The most economical, requires only half the usual quantity, sold by all grocers. JOHN C. PHILLIPS & CO., Agents of the Calcutta Tea Syndicate, 152 Water-St. N. Y.
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WISE people are always on the lookout for chances to improve their circumstances, but few time become wealthy; those who do not improve the opportunities remain in poverty. We offer a great chance to make money. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. Any one can do the work properly from the first start. The business will pay more than ten times ordinary wages. Expensive outfit furnished free. No one who engages fails to make money rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address at once STINSON & Co Portland, Maine, Dec. 6, '82-1y

FREE 36 USEFUL ARTICLES, & BEAUTIFUL FLORAL CHROMO CARDS, Size 5 x 8, and an illustrated Book, to all who send two 3c. stamps for postage and packing. Mention this paper. I. S. DIBSOUT & CO., 58 Beekman St., NEW YORK. ca Jan 1, '83-1y

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD. PHILADELPHIA & ERIE R. R. DIVISION AND NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE.

In effect May 14th, 1883. Trains leave Sunbury.

EASTWARD,

9.35 a. m.—Sea Shore Express for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 3.15 p. m.; New York, 6.20 p. m.; Baltimore, 5.05 p. m.; Washington 6.40 p. m.

1.55 p. m.—Day express for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 7.25 p. m.; New York, 10.25 p. m.; Baltimore, 7.15 p. m.; Washington, 8.40 p. m. Pullman Parlor car through to Philadelphia and passenger coaches through to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

8.20 p. m.—Williamsport Accommodation for Harrisburg and all intermediate stations. Lancaster, Philadelphia and New York, arriving at Philadelphia 2.55 a. m.; New York 6.20 a. m. Sleeping car accommodations can be secured at Harrisburg for Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7 a. m.

9.05 a. m.—Erie Mail for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 7.00 a. m.; New York, 11.20 a. m.; Baltimore 7.40 a. m.; Washington, 9.10 a. m. Through Pullman sleeping cars are run on this train to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, and through passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

WESTWARD,

6.25 a. m.—Erie Mail for Erie and all intermediate stations with through Pullman Palace car and through passenger coaches to Erie, and through Pullman Palace cars to Buffalo via Emporium.

For Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with Pullman Palace car and passenger coaches through to Rochester.

1.05 p. m.—Niagara Express for Kane and intermediate stations with through passenger coaches to Kane. For Canandaigua and principal intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls with through parlor car to Watkins and through passenger coaches to Rochester.

5.25 p. m., Fast line for Lock Haven and intermediate stations, and Elmira, Watkins and intermediate stations, with through passenger coaches to Lock Haven and Watkins.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR SUNBURY FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Niagara Express leaves New York, 5.15 a. m.; Philadelphia, 7.50 a. m.; Baltimore 7.30 a. m., arriving at Sunbury, 1.05 p. m., with through Pullman Parlor car from Philadelphia and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Fast Line leaves New York 8.00 a. m.; Philadelphia, 11.05 a. m.; Washington, 9.30 a. m.; Baltimore, 10.45 a. m., arriving at Sunbury, 5.20 p. m., with through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Erie Mail leaves New York 8.00 p. m.; Philadelphia, 11.20 p. m.; Washington, 9.50 p. m.; Baltimore, 11.15 p. m., arriving at Sunbury, 6.40 a. m., with through Pullman Palace sleeping cars from Philadelphia, Washington and Baltimore and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia.

SUNBURY, HAZLETON & WILKES-BARRE RAILROAD AND NORTH & WEST BRANCH RAILWAY.

Mail East leaves Sunbury 6.45 a. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 7.41 a. m., Wilkes-barre 9 a. m.

Express East leaves Sunbury 5.35 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 6.31 p. m., Wilkes-barre 8 10 p. m.

Mail West leaves Wilkes-barre 10.30 a. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 12 06 p. m. Sunbury 12.55 p. m.

Express West leaves Wilkes-barre 5.30 p. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 7 01 p. m, Sunbury 8.05 p m.

CHAS. E. PUGH, Gen. Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen. Passenger Agent.

PHILADELPHIA AND READING ROA. ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.

June 25, 1882.

TRAINS LEAVE RUPERT AS FOLLOWS(SUNDAY EXCEPTED.

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading, Pottsville Tamaqua, &c., 11,45 a. m

For Catawissa, 11,45 a. m. 4 56 and 7,30 p. m.

For Williamsport, 6,15 8,50 a. m. and 4,06 p. m.

TRAINS FOR RUPERT LEAVE AS FOLLOWS, (SUNDAY EXCEPTED.)

Leave New York, via. Tamanend 9,00 a. m. and via. Bound Brook Route 7,45 a. m.

Leave Philadelphia, 9,45 a. m.

Leave Reading, 11,55 a. m., Pottsville, 12,30 p. m and Tamaqua, 1,35 p. m.

Leave Catawissa, 6,10 8,40 a. m. and 4,00 p. m.

Leave Williamsport, 9,45 a.m, 2,00 p. m. and 4,30 p. m

Passengers to and from New York, via. Tamanend and to and from Philadelphia go through without change of cars.

J. E. WOOTTEN, General Manager.

C. G. HANCOCK, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.
Jan. 19, 1881—tf.

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

NORTH.			STATIONS.	SOUTH		
p.m.	p.m.	a.m.		a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
9 15	2 45	9 45	.....Scranton....	9 30	2 10	6 17
9 09			.....Bellevue....			6 22
9 03		9 37	.....Taylorville..	9 45	20	6 27
8 56		9 30	.....Lackawanna..	9 52	27	6 34
8 48		9 24	.....Pittston....	9 58	34	6 41
8 42		9 18	...West Pittston	10 03	39	6 46
8 37		9 14	.....Wyoming....	10 08	44	6 51
			.....Maltby.....			6 55
			.....Bennett....			6 58
8 25	60	9 04	.....Kingston....	10 18	54	7 08
8 25	1 50	9 04	.....Kingston....	10 18	2 54	7 10
	1 42		Plymouth June			7 17
8 16	1 35	8 55	.....Plymouth....	10 26	3 02	7 22
	1 25		.....Avondale....		3 06	7 30
8 07	1 18	8 47	.....Nanticoke...	10 34	3 10	7 37
8 00	1 03	8 39	Shickshock Creek	10 43	3 18	8 00
7 46	12 42	8 28	...Shickshinny..	10 55	3 33	8 25
7 33	12 25	8 17	....Hick's Ferry.	11 07	3 45	8 40
7 26	12 15	8 12	....Beach Haven.	11 13	3 51	8 50
7 20	12 00	8 06	.....Berwick....	11 20	3 57	9 00
7 13	11 47		.....Briar Creek..			8 00
7 09	11 40	7 56	...Willow Grove.		4 07	8 05
7 05	11 32	7 52	.....Lime Ridge..		4 12	8 10
6 57	11 10	7 44	.....Espy.....	11 29	4 20	8 18
6 51	10 58	7 38	....Bloomsburg..	11 45	4 27	8 25
6 45	10 50	7 33	.....Rupert.....	11 55	4 38	8 30
6 37	10 44	7 26	Catawi'a Bridge	11 55	4 38	8 36
6 18	10 22	7 11	.....Danville...	12 18	4 56	8 52
6 10	10 08		.....Chulasky....			9 00
6 04	10		.....Cameron....		5 09	9 06
45	9	6 45	Northumberl'd	12 45	5 25	9 20
p.m.	a.m.	a.m.		p.m.	p.m.	a.m

W. F. HALSTEAD, Supt.
Superintendent's office, Scranton, Feb. 1st, 1883.

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